

CANOE SLALOM



COMPETITION RULES

Taking effect from 1 January 2022





INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this document is to provide the rules that govern:

- a) Canoe Slalom
- b) The organisation of Canoe Slalom competitions

LANGUAGE

In case of doubt, British English written language is the recognised language for all communication relating to these competition rules and the conduct of all canoeing international competitions.

Any word which may imply the masculine gender also includes the feminine.

COPYRIGHT

These rules are a modified version of the ICF rules. Copyright of the original ICF rules belongs to the ICF.

These apply to all domestic competitions including but not limited to ranking and championship competitions in the U.K. listed in the calendar except where expressly notified.

Certain ICF rules are omitted where relevant only to international competitions, although the headings remain. Variations from the ICF original are marked '*UK*' at the start of the section or paragraph. Where titles of Officials and Groups only are changed each section is marked with an '*'.

These rules may be photocopied.

The original version of this rule book can be obtained from the Secretary of the British Canoeing Slalom Committee.

GLOSSARY

This glossary includes the terms defined in the ICF rules, and extended to include UK terms, the later are shown in italics.

| Sport | The sport is canoeing, kayaking and all paddling activities. | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| National Federation | Member National Federation of the International Canoe Federation. | |
| National Association | British Canoeing (BC), Canoe Association of Northern Ireland (CANI), Canoe Wales (CW) or Scottish Canoe Association (SCA) | |
| Discipline | A discipline is a branch of a sport comprising one (1) or several events (e.g. Canoe Sprint, Canoe Slalom). | |
| Competition | The competition runs from the start of the first event to the completion of the last event of a discipline, excluding the Opening and Closing Ceremonies. | |
| | UK All events completed at a site on a weekend. | |
| Race | A single set of Events | |
| Athlete on mlorren | Male or female athlete | |
| Athlete or player | In Canoe Polo refer to player | |
| Gender | Men or Women | |
| Boat | A boat is the watercraft used to practice canoeing (e.g. canoe, kayak, SUP): A single boat: a boat with only one (1) place for an athlete (e.g. kayak single). A crew boat: a boat with more than one (1) place for an athlete (e.g. canoe four). | |
| Age group | e.g. junior, under 21, under 23, masters depending on each discipline | |













| Category | A category is defined by a boat and a gender (e.g. Men's Kayak, Mixed Canoe). | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Class | A class is defined by a category and the number of places in a boat (e.g. men's kayak double; women's canoe four). | |
| Event | An event is a contest in one (1) discipline resulting in the award of medals. An event is defined by at least a class and depending on the competition and the discipline with the additional optional information: a distance and / or an age group (e.g. junior men's kayak double 500m, under 23 women's kayak single, men's canoe double classic). | |
| Type of event | Individual events: A boat comprised of one (1) or more athletes competing against other boats. Team events: two (2) or more boats competing together against other teams. | |
| Event Phase | A stage of competition (e.g. preliminaries, heats, semi-final, final). | |
| Run or race or match | The basic unit of an event phase (e.g. heats 1st run, semi-final, final). | |
| Competition programme | The list of events included in a competition. | |
| Competition schedule | The complete list of events and their different phases with the time at which they will be held. | |
| International Technical Official | Oversee the operation of the competition. | |
| Host Organising Committee | The host organising committee can be a National Federation or a subsidiary or a third-party organisation specialising in competition management. | |
| Slalom Committee | The British Canoeing Slalom Committee | |
| Definition of meaning | may: optional should: recommendation must: mandatory / compulsory | |

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| ICF | International Canoe Federation |
|----------|--|
| ITO | International Technical Official |
| HOC | Host Organising Committee |
| CSL | Canoe Slalom |
| IJCSL | International Judge Canoe Slalom |
| ICF JCSL | ICF International Judge Canoe Slalom |
| CSLC | Canoe Slalom Technical Committee |
| WCH | World Championships |
| WCS | World Cup Series |
| DSQ | Disqualification for the run |
| DQB | Disqualification for unsportsmanlike behaviour |
| DNS | Did not start |
| DNF | Did not finish |
| FLT | Fault (Extreme Canoe Slalom) |
| RLF | Rank as Lowest (Extreme Canoe Slalom) |
| BC | British Canoeing |
| CANI | Canoe Association of Northern Ireland |
| CW | Canoe Wales |
| SCA | Scottish Canoe Association |











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CHAPTER 1 - SPORT GOVERNANCE

1.1 INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIONS

1.1.1 Not applicable in the UK

1.2 INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION CALENDAR

1.2.1 Not applicable in the UK

1.3 ATHLETE ELIGIBILITY FOR COMPETITION

- 1.3.1 **UK** Only full members of National Associations but including SCA Introductory Members and Canoe Club Youth Section members at Division 4 events only, have the right to participate in a national competition.
 - 1.3.1.a **UK** All athletes, at the time of entry, must quote their current National Association number. All athletes must be paid-up members of one of the National Associations both at the date of entry and of the event for every competition they enter.
 - 1.3.1.b **UK** Ranked athletes in all divisions, except Division 4, must prove membership of a National Association when applying for their competition bib. When membership for an athlete expires, the onus is on the athlete to prove membership to the relevant Ranking Compiler(s) to ensure that results from all events are counted for ranking, promotion and/or selection purposes. Failure to comply with this procedure will result in disqualification of relevant results.
 - 1.3.1.c **UK** Newly promoted athletes, or others arriving without bibs (for whatever reason) must prove 0membership of their National Association by showing their current membership card to the Organiser (or an appointed deputy).
 - 1.3.1.d **UK** Division 4 athletes must prove membership at the competition by showing their National Association membership card or Canoe Club Youth Section membership card to the Organiser at times specified on the start list and advertised at a convenient location (e.g. control).
 - 1.3.1.e **UK** At Division 4 competitions, an athlete not previously a member of a National Association may use the National Federation Taster form to apply for day membership at a standard cost of the National Association minimum plus £1 to be retained by the Organiser.
 - 1.3.1.f **UK** If the membership card cannot be produced then membership must be purchased at the competition. Receipts for such membership must be issued and remain valid for competition for four weeks from date of issue. (Athletes who have to obtain duplicate membership will be refunded the amount paid less £1 by the National Association.)
 - 1.3.1.g **UK** Athletes who fail to prove membership as above will not have their results counted for ranking purposes and promotions gained will be invalid
- 1.3.2 **UK** An athlete having satisfied 1.3.1 is permitted to compete individually in a British Canoeing Competition.

1.4 AGE GROUP

- 1.4.1 Not applicable in the UK
- 1.4.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 1.4.3 The last year an athlete can compete in the junior age group is the year of their 18th birthday.
- 1.4.4 The last year an athlete can compete in the under 21 age group is the year of their 21st birthday.
- 1.4.5 The last year an athlete can compete in the under 23 age group is the year of their 23rd birthday.











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- 1.4.6 An athlete can compete in a master's event in the year that they reach the lower limit of the age group. The masters' age groups are defined by each discipline with a minimum age of 35 years.
 - **UK** i.e. in the 35-39 age group they are eligible to compete the year of their 35th birthday. Age group categories will commence from age 35-39 and increase upwards in 5-year age intervals.
- 1.4.7 Not applicable in the UK
- 1.4.8 *UK* Juniors, Masters and Veterans who declare their year of birth will be identified on end of season ranking lists.

1.5 ATHLETE SPORTING NATIONALITY CHANGE

Not applicable in the UK

1.6 ENTRIES PROCESS

Not applicable in the UK

1.7 VALIDITY OF A COMPETITION

- 1.7.1 **UK** An individual or a team event is declared quorate when at least 5 athletes or 5 Teams in Premier, Division 1, 2 or 3 or at least 3 athletes or 3 Teams in Division 4 start in that event.
- 1.7.2 **UK** It is not necessary for the validity of the competition that all 5 or 3 athletes or teams finish.
- 1.7.3 **UK** Events with less starters than specified in 1.7.1 are referred to as Inquorate.

1.8 ICF WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS (LEVEL 1)

Not applicable in the UK

1.9 MASTERS WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS (LEVEL 4)

Not applicable in the UK

1.10 ANTI-DOPING

- 1.10.1 Doping as defined in the World Anti-Doping Code and the ICF anti-doping rules is strictly forbidden.
- 1.10.2 The anti-doping programme must be conducted in accordance with the ICF anti-doping control regulations under the supervision of the ICF medical and anti-doping committee.
- 1.10.3 Not applicable in the UK

1.11 APPEAL TO THE ICF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Not applicable in the UK













1.12 DISQUALIFICATION FOR UNSPORTSMANLIKE BEHAVIOUR

- 1.12.1 An athlete who attempts to win a competition by irregular means, wilfully breaks the rules, or who contests their validity, as deemed by the officials, may be disqualified for the competition (DQB).
- 1.12.2 For disqualification after competition caused by doping or ineligibility the following must be completed:
 - Deletion of all achieved results and rankings of boat(s) (DQB).
 - Re-calculation of all results; accordingly, and
 - Production of the revised version of all affected outputs (results, summaries, medals).
- 1.12.3 **UK** If an athlete is forced to break the rules by the action of another person, the Jury decides if the athlete will be disqualified or not from the competition (DQB
- 1.12.4 **UK** The Chief Judge may discipline any athlete or official whose behaviour is detrimental to the proper and orderly conduct of the competition. The Chief Judge must notify the Jury, who may after continued offences by the person, disqualify him/her from the competition (DQB).

1.13 RESULTS

Not applicable in the UK

1.14 TRADEMARKS AND ADVERTISING

- 1.14.1 The advertising of tobacco smoking and strong spirit drinks is not permitted.
- 1.14.2 Boats, accessories and clothing may carry trademarks, advertising symbols and written text.
- 1.14.3 Images, symbols, slogans and written text unrelated to sport funding or any political messages are not permitted.
- 1.14.4 All advertising materials used should be placed in such a way that they do not interfere with athletes' identification and do not affect the outcome of the race.

1.15 INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL OFFICIAL (ITO) – EXAMINATION

Not applicable in the UK

1.16 ITO – NOMINATION FOR ICF COMPETITION

Not applicable in the UK













CHAPTER 2 - INTRODUCTION

2.1 OBJECTIVE

The object of a Canoe Slalom competition is to negotiate a river defined by gates, without fault, in the shortest possible time.

2.2 NATIONAL COMPETITIONS

- 2.2.1 Not applicable in the UK
- 2.2.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 2.2.3 * National Competitions comprise Championship competitions (other than International Competitions) and Ranking Competitions. National Competitions are organised by the Slalom Committee or on its behalf by National Associations, registered clubs or other approved groups and listed in the calendar approved at the Annual Consultative Meeting

2.3 RANKING CHAMPIONSHIPS (UK)

Championships have been established as follows:

Premier MK1 The Phillip Hayward Rose Bowl

WK1 The Liz Sharman Trophy

MC1 The Trustee Savings Bank Trophy

WC1 The Ormskirk Trophy
C2 The Streamlyte Trophy

Division 1 MK1 The Tony Brown Trophy

WK1 The St. Pancras Building Society Trophy

MC1 The Jeff Allcock Trophy
WC1 The Slalom Committee Trophy

The athlete at the head of the ranking list for each Premier Division event is the champion for that event in that year. The Division 1 champion is the athlete, in each event, highest ranked at end of the season who has been in Division 1 during that year.

2.4 BRITISH OPEN SLALOM CHAMPIONSHIPS (UK)

A competition in Senior and Junior categories for athletes who qualify from Premier and for others invited by the organising committee.

2.5 UNITED KINGDOM CHAMPIONSHIPS (UK)

The **UK** champion will be the winner of senior selection unless, as specified in the managed calendar each year, that a United Kingdom championship race is to be held. The race will normally be held under a championship race format.













2.6 OTHER CHALLENGE TROPHIES AND AWARDS (UK)

| International MK1 | Albert Kerr Trophy | (highest placed MK1 at the World Championships) |
|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| Teams | Wilkinson Sword | (highest placed International Team) |
| Premier | MK1 U23 | Slalom Committee Award |
| | MK1 J18 | The Colin Ralph Trophy |
| | MK1 J16 | The IBM Trophy |
| | WK1 U23 | Slalom Committee Trophy |
| | WK1 J18 | Slalom Committee Trophy |
| | WC1 J18 | The Colorado Group Trophy |
| | WK1 J16 | Cheltenham & Gloucester Building Society Cup |
| Division 1 | MK1 J | The Peak Award |
| | WK1 J | The Peak Award |
| | MC1 J | The Cool Blue Award |
| | WC1 J | The Cool Blue Award |
| | (highest placed just | nior newcomers to Division1 in their respective category) |
| | MC1 U23 | Slalom Committee Award |
| | MC1 J | The Simon Warden Trophy |
| Prem/Div 1 | C2 | U23 The David Smith Trophy |
| | C2 Junior | The Warrington C.C. Trophy |
| Veterans | Men | The Rasdex Trophy |
| | Women | The Alan Harwood Trophy |

The Sue Trollope Trophy

Awarded to the Highest ranked unfunded English female athlete in the relevant event, events cycling each year through WK1, WC1

The Ken Trollope Trophy

Awarded to the Highest ranked unfunded English male athlete in the relevant event, events cycling each year through MK1, MC1

The Ed Ecclestone Trophy

Awarded to an individual that has put an exceptional amount of volunteer effort into the sport, awarded by a panel of previous winners

The Ian MacLeod Judging Bowl

Awarded to the overall winner of the Officials competition

The Esther Matthews Bowl

Awarded to the highest placed division 2 or 3 athlete in the Officials competition

2.7 CHAMPIONSHIP TIE BREAKER (UK)

In the event of a tie on points after the stated number of events in Premier or Division 1, then reference shall be made to the next best result of the tied athletes or Teams, and so on until the tie is broken.

In the event that a tie cannot be resolved in this manner, then the championship will be determined on the total of all (best run) scores at the ranking slaloms which are common to the tied athletes or Teams.













2.8 OTHER CHAMPIONSHIP COMPETITIONS (UK)

Full rules and eligibility can be supplied by the organisers.

- 2.8.1 British Junior (Under 12, Under 14 and Under 16) Championships Open to athletes whose 12th, 14th or 16th birthday falls in or after the year concerned.
- 2.8.2 British Veterans Championships Open to athletes whose 35th birthday falls in or before the year concerned.
- 2.8.3 English Inter-Regional Championships Open to teams from the English regions whose athletes are British Canoeing members.
- 2.8.4 Inter-Club Championships Open to eligible club teams.
- 2.8.5 Pan-Celtic Cup Five Nations Slalom Open to teams from England, Ireland, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
- 2.8.6 Scottish Slalom Championships Open to members of the Scottish Canoe Association and other invited athletes.
- 2.8.7 Welsh Slalom Championships Open to members of Canoe Wales and to other invited athletes.

2.9 THE DIVISIONAL SYSTEM (UK)

2.9.1 **Divisions**

The divisional system of five divisions (Premier, 1, 2, 3 and 4) in each of the four events (MK1, WK1, WC1 and MC1) and one division in the C2 event ensures that there is a standard of competition suitable for athletes of all degrees of ability. In addition, there is a Veterans division in each of the four events (MK1, WK1, WC1 and MC1) and a competition series for Officials.

2.9.2 **Paddle Up**

An athlete ranked in any given division may enter single division competitions designed for the next division up (referred to below as the Host division). This is intended to enable athletes to get experience of more challenging racing conditions and to allow them to compare their abilities against higher-division athletes

2.9.3 Paddle Up Participation Conditions

- 2.9.3.a The entry fee payable will be the same as for athletes in the Host division. Paddle Up athletes must wear their normal divisional bib when racing
- 2.9.3.b The normal entry route into slalom is upwards, through promotion, from Division 4, and is most suitable for young athletes and those with little moving-water experience. However, for athletes who are already capable, direct entry into a higher division better suited to their paddling ability may be appropriate.
- 2.9.3.c Athletes not already ranked in canoe slalom may enter a division 2 competition in the appropriate event. Provided that the event is quorate, and they achieve a result better than that achieved by 40% of the ranked athletes competing in that event, they may then claim immediate ranking in division 2.

2.10 VETERANS' RANKING (UK)

2.10.1 The Divisional System

Veterans are ranked in a single Division and can enter any ranking competition or Championship event.

2.10.2 Eligibility

2.10.2.a An athlete whose 35th birthday is on or before the 31st December in the year in question may elect to become a Veteran in any event, but not necessarily in all the events in which they compete. For example, an athlete ranked in Men's Kayak and Men's Canoe may elect to become a Men's Kayak Veteran but remain as a Master in Men's Canoe (See Rule 1.4.6for Masters).











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- 2.10.2.b Any such athlete must first declare to the Veteran Ranking Compiler his/her year of birth and current divisional status (if any).
- 2.10.2.c Upon application to the Ranking Status Officer (see Rule 6.4.2), any Veteran may revert to divisional status in an event. The revised ranking will start at the beginning of the next season.

2.10.3 **Difficulty factor**

- 2.10.3.a To reflect the degree of difficult for Veterans racing in competitions hosting higher divisions, the points awarded will be increased by a difficulty factor. The points calculated under 2.10.4. will be increased by:
 - Division 2 event points calculated will be increased by 150 points
 - Division 1 event points calculated will be increased by 400 points
 - Premier event points calculated will be increased by 700 points

2.10.4 Calculating points – Quorate Divisional Event (See Rule 1.7)

- 2.10.4.a Ranking points are obtained by comparing scores with the corresponding divisional event. Where a Veteran's score does not correspond exactly with a score in the divisional event points will be awarded for the next place lower. If the Veteran's score matches the score of more than one athlete in the corresponding divisional event, then the points awarded to the higher placed divisional athlete will be used. If the above calculation fails to match to a host division score, then the Veteran will be awarded points according to 2.10.6
- 2.10.4.b Where there is progression from qualification to (semi- finals and) finals, scores are compared with the corresponding divisional event scores to decide whether the athlete progresses and the points they are awarded. For example: for a Vet WK1, if the athlete's score is equal to or less than the score of the last placed divisional WK1 qualifying from the heats, the athlete proceeds to the next stage. Similarly, the athlete must match the score of the last placed divisional WK1 qualifying from the semi-final to progress to the final. Points are calculated by comparison with the scores of Divisional WK1 at the last phase reached.
- 2.10.4.c In the case of a competition hosting more than one Division, scores will be compared with every Division in the same event and the highest points found will be awarded, for instance, at a Division 2/3 race, a WK1 Veteran's score will be compared with those of WK1 in both Division 2 and Division 3 and the higher score so found will be awarded.
- 2.10.5 Where a Veterans score is lower than any host division score the Veteran will be awarded the points allocated the points below. No difficulty factor will be applied:
 - Division 3 10 points
 - Division 2 20 points
 - Division 1 30 points
 - Premier 40 Points

2.10.6 Calculating points – Inquorate Divisional Event (See Rule 1.7)

- 2.10.6.a In the case of a competition hosting more one Division, ranking points will be calculated against the corresponding Men's Kayak's event using the method described in rule 6.7.
 - 2.10.6.b Where there is progression from qualification to (semi-finals and) finals, modified scores are compared with MK1's scores to decide whether the athlete progresses and the points they are awarded.
 - 2.10.6.c In the case of a competition hosting more than one Division, where anyone (or more) of the corresponding divisional events is inquorate the Veteran's modified score will be compared to MK1's scores for that division and to the corresponding quorate divisional events where available. The highest points found will be awarded. For example: A Division 2/3 race hosts a Division 3 WK1 event that is inquorate and a Division 2 WK1 event that is quorate. In this case a WK1 Veteran's modified score will be compared with those of MK1 in Division 3 (using the method described in 6.7.) and her raw score with Division 2 WK1 (using the method described in rule 2.10.4 The highest score so found will be awarded.

2.10.7 End of season results

Ranking positions at the end of the season are calculated on the best five results obtained in the season.











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2.10.8 Additional Information

- 2.10.8.a For single division competitions the entry fee charged shall be the same as for those athletes entering the divisional event.
- 2.10.8.b At multi divisional competitions the entry fee charged will be that for the highest division competing on that day.
- 2.10.8.c All registered Veterans must apply to the appropriate ranking officer for a bib.

2.11 OFFICIALS' COMPETITION (UK)

- 2.11.1 These are not open events. Entrants must be able and willing to do judging or other official duties as requested by the Organisers.
 - At Division 1 and Premier races an athlete may not enter both a ranking or Championship Competition and an Officials Competition in the same or different events. At Division 2 to 4 competitions such a double entry in different events is at the organisers' discretion and subject to completion of the official's duties.
- 2.11.2 There is a competition series for Officials based on results at Officials' Competitions at Ranking Competitions.
- 2.11.3 For the purpose of this series entrants shall be divided into three divisions:
 - a) Premier and Division 1,
 - b) Division 2 and 3,
 - c) Division 4.
- 2.11.4 Athletes who have had paddling rights assigned to them by non-paddling Officials shall not be eligible for entry to the series unless the non-paddling Official carry out duties to the satisfaction of the Organiser.
 - There shall be no requirement for athletes to run in divisional order.
- 2.11.5 Each athlete for this series must ensure that their Entry is fully completed with Name, and National Association number, and also state the athlete's current division, age category and bib number where applicable. Any entry not conforming to the above will be rejected.
- 2.11.6 Points will be awarded in accordance with the athlete's result in the Officials Event regardless of category. Maximum points for each Division (A, B and C) will be 50 and will be calculated in accordance with the formula: Points = 50 (position in event 1)
 - e.g. the second-place athlete in Division A would score 50 (2 1) = 49
 - The fourth placed athlete in Division B would score 50 (4 1) = 47
 - The fourth placed athlete in Division C also would score 50 (4 1) = 47
- 2.11.7 In the case of a C2 entry, points for competing in the Officials competition will be award to the individual members of the crew. Should one member of the crew be found to have competed in both the Officials event and a ranking event, then Rule 2.11.1 will apply to both athletes.
- 2.11.8 At the end of the season the points will be totalled for each athlete in accordance with their current division and prizes awarded as appropriate. In the event of a tie, the athlete with the greater number of entries will be considered to be the winner. If the result is still a tie, reference will be made to the best scoring results of the athletes concerned, and the next best, etc until the tie is resolved.
- 2.11.9 Not applicable in the UK













CHAPTER 3 - ATHLETE EQUIPMENT

I - Boats

3.1 BOAT DEFINITION

- 3.1.1 Kayaks are decked boats, propelled by double bladed paddles. The athlete must be sitting inside the kayak.
- 3.1.2 Canadian canoes are decked boats propelled by single-bladed paddles. The athlete must be kneeling inside the canoe.
- 3.1.3 Boats must be designed to, and remain within, the required dimensions and weight. Any additional weight needs to be permanently fixed in the boat.

3.2 BOAT SPECIFICATIONS

3.2.1 Minimum length and width

| All types of K1 | Minimum length 3.50 m |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| All types of C1 | Minimum width 0.60 m |
| All types of C2 | Minimum length 4.10 m |
| 7th types of C2 | Minimum width 0.75 m |

3.2.2 Minimum weight

| All types of K1 | 0 kg |
|-----------------|-------|
| All types of C1 | 9 kg |
| All types of C2 | 15 kg |

- 3.2.3 * During the weighing process, residual water and loose items must be removed from the boat. At division 2 to 4 competitions, all whitewater boat types may be used without complying to boat specifications provided the boat meets all applicable safety requirements as defined in rule 3.3.
 - **UK** (The minimum weight of the boat may include air bags)
- 3.2.4 All boats must have a minimum radius at each end of 2 cm horizontally and 1 cm vertically.
- 3.2.5 Rudders are prohibited on all boats. Any object protruding from the hull must be manufactured into the hull mould and be no higher than 20mm and no narrower than 8mm with a minimum radius of 4mm on its outside edge.

II - Safety equipment

3.3 BOAT – SAFETY EQUIPMENT

- 3.3.1 All boats must be unsinkable and must be equipped at each end with a handle attached no more than 30 cm from the bow and from the stern.
 - **UK** Air bags are recommended
- 3.3.2 The following are considered as handles: loops of rope, rope with handles, or a handle that is an integral part of the boat construction.
- 3.3.3 The handles must at all times permit easy insertion of an entire hand up to the base of the thumb to hold the boat.
- 3.3.4 The material used must be at least 6 mm in diameter, or a minimum cross-section of 2 x 10 mm.
- 3.3.5 Taping of the handles is not permitted.













3.4 ATHLETE – SAFETY EQUIPMENT

- 3.4.1 Each athlete must wear a helmet with a strap fastened under the chin and a buoyancy aid. Both must be in good working condition.
- 3.4.2 The structure, shape or composition of the buoyancy aid/helmet must not be modified in any way.
- 3.4.3 The products must be from recognised and established manufacturers guaranteeing the quality of material and meeting industry standards.

3.5 BUOYANCY AID

- 3.5.1 Definition / description
 - 3.5.1.a A buoyancy aid is a garment or device covering the upper trunk of the user like a vest which, when correctly worn and used in water, will provide the user with a specific amount of buoyancy which will increase the likelihood of survival.
 - 3.5.1.b A buoyancy aid must comply with the current industry standard that is, ISO 12402-5 (Level 50) or any national standard that meets the same requirements.
 - 3.5.1.c At all times the user of the buoyancy aid is responsible to respect the instructions and recommendations provided in the explanatory leaflet when purchased.
 - 3.5.1.d Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.1.e A buoyancy aid must rely only on inherently buoyant material (flotation foam) for its uplift. Inflating devices are not acceptable.
 - 3.5.1.f Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.1.g Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.1.h Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.1.i Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.1.j At a competition the buoyancy aid's uplift will be tested using a 6.12 Kg calibrated stainless-steel weight or its equivalent in other metals.
 - 3.5.1.k The buoyancy aid manufacturer markings and identification must comply with the ISO standard (or equivalent national standard) to allow the control of equipment by ICF Officials.
 - 3.5.1.1 The rules contained in Rule 3.5apply to all sizes of buoyancy aid regardless of body weight.
- 3.5.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 3.5.3 * Testing process at competitions:
 - 3.5.3.a Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.5.3.b The buoyancy aid must not be modified in any way.
 - 3.5.3.c The buoyancy aid must not be damaged.
 - 3.5.3.d The buoyancy aid must be ISO 12402-5 (Level 50), or any equivalent national standard that meets the same requirements and carry the appropriate labelling.
 - 3.5.3.e The buoyancy aid must float the 6.12kg calibrated stainless steel weight.

3.6 HELMET

- 3.6.1 **UK** The helmet must comply with EN 1385 (or equivalent).
- 3.6.2 Each helmet must be marked in such a way that the following information is easily legible for the user and is likely to remain legible throughout the life of the helmet to allow the control of the equipment by ICF Officials.















- 3.6.3 Testing process at ICF competitions:
 - 3.6.3.a Not applicable in the UK
 - 3.6.3.b The helmet must not be modified in any way.
 - 3.6.3.c The helmet must have clearly visible:
 - * The number of the Applicable Standard
 - The name or identification mark of the manufacturer
 - The date of manufacture
 - The designation "Helmet for canoeing and whitewater sports"

3.7 EQUIPMENT CONTROL AT COMPETITIONS

- * It is recommended that organisers spot check the buoyancy of the buoyancy aids and boats after the finish.
- 3.7.2 In doubtful cases, the buoyancy of the boat is checked. The boat must float level at the surface when filled with water.
- 3.7.3 Athletes must be able to free themselves immediately from their boat at all times.
- 3.7.4 In the event of non-observance of the safety rules, the Start Judge, and the Chief Judge each, according to their assigned duties, are responsible and may prohibit an athlete from starting.
- 3.7.5 In any competition, athletes start at their own risk. The ICF and the HOC bear no responsibility for accidents or damage to equipment that may occur on the competition course.
- 3.7.6 **UK** At all times during a competition, whether during an organised run, or during any free practice times, an athlete should be prepared to stop and assist rescue of others.
- 3.7.7 **UK** After their run, or official practice, an athlete MUST stay in their boat within sight from the Finish Judges' position, or (if defined) within a clearly indicated distance from the finish, until the next, and next but one athlete has finished, in case they are called upon to act as safety boat, UNLESS
 - any alternate safety arrangements have been published by the Organiser, or
 - the athlete has arranged an alternate to provide this safety cover, or
 - the athlete is released by an official.
- 3.7.8 **UK** This regulation applies equally to team events. Failure to comply with this rule, including any alternate safety arrangements published by the Organiser, will result in disqualification from that Event (DQB).

III - Identifications and Advertising Trademarks

3.8 START NUMBERS (UK)

- 3.8.1 Numbered bibs, supplied by the Slalom Committee, are to be used at all Ranking Competitions except Division 4.
- 3.8.2 Ranked athletes must apply for numbered bibs before competing and are asked to complete registration forms and return them to Ranking Officers. athletes must nominate a first claim club for use in ranking lists. This will be used in determining eligibility for club, regional and interregional championships. Club registration may be changed by giving notice in writing to the relevant Ranking Officers.
- 3.8.3 Organisers may supply bibs at Division 4 events. Where bibs are not supplied, start numbers must be put on the front and back deck of the athlete's boat.
- 3.8.4 The bib should be fixed visibly to the body of the athletes and be clearly visible. In C2 the bowman or both athletes wear a number.
- 3.8.5 Each athlete is responsible for his/her start number.













3.9 TRADEMARKS AND ADVERTISING

- 3.9.1 Requirements for advertising on equipment and clothing for ICF Canoe Slalom competitions (excluding Olympic Games) are detailed in the ICF Guidelines for Advertising Trademark Identification on Equipment Manual.
- 3.9.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 3.9.3 Not applicable in the UK
- 3.9.4 Not applicable in the UK













CHAPTER 4 - COMPETITION PROGRAMME

4.1 INDIVIDUAL EVENTS

4.1.1 Canoe Slalom programme

| MK1 | Men's Kayak |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| WK1 | Women's Kayak |
| MC1 | Men's Canoe |
| MC2 | Men's Canoe Double |
| WC1 | Women's Canoe |
| WC2 | Women's Canoe Double |
| XC2 | Mixed Canoe Double (1 Woman, 1 Man) |

UK All C2s currently compete in the same event and are ranked using the same system, separate prizes may be offered

4.1.2 Extreme Canoe Slalom (CSLX) programme

| MX1 | Men's Extreme Slalom |
|-----|------------------------|
| WX1 | Women's Extreme Slalom |

4.1.3 **UK** An athlete may participate in more than one (1) individual event, subject to the Organiser being willing and able to give sufficient start time intervals. In the case of C2, an athlete may compete with multiple partners.

4.2 TEAM EVENTS

4.2.1 Programme

| ſ | MX1 | Men's Extreme Slalom |
|---|-----|------------------------|
| İ | WX1 | Women's Extreme Slalom |

UK The events may be combined into a single team competition.

- 4.2.2 Teams may only be comprised of athletes who are participating in individual events.
- 4.2.3 An athlete may not participate in more than two (2) team events.
- 4.2.4 An athlete may participate in a team event different from his/her individual event.
- 4.2.5 Substitutions may be made for individual members of the team between the first and second runs when the competition has two (2) runs.
- 4.2.6 Only one (1) boat or athlete of a team may be substituted.
- 4.2.7 After approval of the Chief Judge, any substitution to a team, must be communicated to the Scoring Office.

4.3 LEVEL 4 COMPETITIONS

Not applicable in the UK













CHAPTER 5 - DIVISIONAL STRUCTURE AND RACE FORMATS (UK)

5.1 COMPETITION FORMAT (UK)

5.1.1 Competition will take one of the forms below:

All Premier Competitions - Single division events, open to Premier athletes and Division 1's paddling up.

All Division 1 Competitions - Single division events, open to Division 1 athletes and Division 2's paddling up.

Division 2 Competitions - Single division events, open to Division 2 athletes and Division 3's paddling up.

Division 3 Competitions - Single division events, open to Division 3 athletes, which may be combined with Division 4 competitions.

Division 2/3 Competitions - Two-division events, open equally to Division 2 and Division 3 ranked athletes, which may be combined with Division 4 competitions.

- In each event there is a separate race for each division and separate points are awarded.
- Prizes are offered for both Division 2 and Division 3 athletes.
- The course is to be designed to Division 2 standard but may incorporate changes to accommodate Division 3 and Division 4 athletes (e.g. reduction in the number of pumps at Pinkston or a different start point at sites such as Bala Mill).
- There is no paddle up option for Division 3 at a Division 2/3 competition. A Division 3 athlete beating athletes in Division 2 will be awarded only the points earned against other Division 3 athletes and a Division 3 cannot enter the Division 2 event as a paddle up athlete.

Division 4 Competitions - Single division events, open to novices and other Division athletes. May be free- standing or combined with Division 3, Division 2/3 events and open events.

5.2 RACE FORMATS (UK)

Competition organisers have the discretion to run competitions using one of four racing formats: -

- 5.2.1 Classic
 - 5.2.1.a This is the format to be used if no other format is listed in the yearbook. Each athlete has two timed race runs. The final result for each event in the competition is in order of their best run from the two runs.
- 5.2.2 Super Final 1
 - 5.2.2.a Each athlete has a timed qualification race run. After this run the top x boats in each event proceed to the final. The remaining boats have a second timed qualification run. After this run the top n boats in each event proceed to the final.
 - 5.2.2.b The final is one run starting in the reverse order of their qualification result, those qualifying from the first heat starting after those qualifying from the second heat.
 - 5.2.2.c Course changes can be made for the final at the Organiser's discretion.

The final result for each event in the competition is: -

- The finishing order of the finalists based on their final result only.
- The finishing order of the semi-finalists based on their semi-final result only.
- 5.2.3 Super Final 2
 - 5.2.3.a Each athlete has a timed qualification race run. After this run the top x boats in each event proceed to the final. The remaining boats have a second timed run. The final is one run starting in the reverse order of their qualification result. Course changes can be made for the final at the Organiser's discretion.











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5.2.3.b The final result for each event in the competition is: -

- The finishing order of the finalists based on their final result only.
- The remaining athletes in order of their best score from their two runs.
- 5.2.4 'Championship' (two-day event)
 - 5.2.4.a Each athlete has a timed qualification race run. After this run the top x boats in each event proceed to the semi- final. The remaining boats have a second timed qualification run. After this run the top m boats in each event proceed to the semi-final.
 - 5.2.4.b The semi-final is one run starting in the reverse order of their qualification result, those qualifying from the first heat starting after those qualifying from the second heat. After the semi-final run the top n boats in each event proceed to a one run final starting in the reverse order of their semi-final result.
 - 5.2.4.c Course changes can be made for the semi-final at the Organiser's discretion.
 - 5.2.4.d The final result for each event in the competition is: -

The finishing order of the finalists based on their final result only.

- The finishing order of the semi-finalists based on their semi-final result only.
- The remaining athletes in order of their best score from their two runs.

5.3 PROGRESSION (UK)

5.3.1 Where there is a progression, the number of boats qualifying from each phase must be defined and published with the start list or at least 7 days in advance, whichever is the earliest

5.4 FORCE MAJEURE

5.4.1 If a slalom event is not completed for any reason, the Jury and Chief Judge can in these exceptional circumstances establish the final results of the competition based on the last completed run of the event (e.g. 1st heat run or semi-finals).

5.5 TEAM EVENTS

5.5.1 **UK** Team events consist of one (1) run but may consist of two (2) runs.











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6.1 ENTRIES (UK)

- Entries to competitions must be made according to the published instructions. The athlete is 6.1.1 responsible for correct completion and submission of the information and payment of the relevant entry fees.
- 6.1.2 Entry Dates
 - 6.1.2.a The deadline for entries to Ranking Competitions shall be 15 days prior to the first day of the competition (the Friday two weeks prior to the competition).
 - 6.1.2.b The priority entry deadline (before which host athletes get priority of entry) is the Friday four weeks prior to the competition.
 - 6.1.2.c The organiser may at their discretion elect not to accept any paddle up entries. Such decision to be clearly marked on the managed calendar return and published in the Calendar.
- 6.1.3 Late entries made after the closing deadline will only be accepted:
 - at the discretion of the Organiser and,
 - where there is space on the published timetable and the entry limit has not been reached.

A late entry fee is payable, unless the athlete has been promoted after the closing deadline. The organising club retains the extra charge in each case and may waive the charge at their sole discretion. There is no late entry charge for Division 4 events. The late entry fees are linked to inflation as in Rule 6.2.4.

Entry Limits 6.1.4

- 6.1.4.a The competition organiser may impose a limit on overall number of divisional and open entries, either in the published calendar or at the time of planning the start list. If such a limit is applied, priority of entry shall be as follows:
 - a) Up to and including the Priority Entry Deadline: Host division athletes, in order of receipt of
 - b) After the Priority Entry Deadline: Host athletes in order of ranking percentile on the Priority Entry Deadline.
- 6.1.4.b If two or more competitors have the same percentile they must be accepted, or remain on the waiting list together, even if this results in a small increase in the maximum entries.
- 6.1.4.c Ranking percentile is the current ranking position divided by the number in the division rounded to a whole percentage. E.g. if there are 70 in the division, the 16th placed athlete will be 16/70*100 = 22.85%, rounded to 23%. Where an athlete has not competed, the percentile will be taken from the start of year ranking.
- 6.1.4.d Paddle up entries after the Priority Deadline will be put at the bottom of the paddle up priority list, ordered by date of entry only.
 - If an athlete is promoted into the host division, their entry is treated as a host division entry received at the date the organiser is notified. If the athlete has an accepted paddle up entry this will be converted to a Host division entry, otherwise they will remain on the waiting list, but with higher (host) priority.
- 6.1.5 A separate entry must be completed for each event entered (i.e. one for individual and another for team). For entry to the Officials Competition see rule 2.12.
- 6.1.6 Entry Details
 - 6.1.6.a Current National Association membership numbers must be recorded for each entry.
 - 6.1.6.b Current bib number MUST be quoted, if known. If this is not known, then EITHER details of the slalom where promoted to the current division, OR details of entitlement to compete at the event concerned (e.g. the granting of ranking status - state RSC and enclose copy of letter giving status). Division 4 athletes do not complete this section.











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- 6.1.6.c Club name (or town name or 'independent' if not a club member) must be stated. Fatuous or offensive names will not be published. A sponsor's name may be added but should not substitute for the first claim club name.
- 6.1.6.d The event (MK1, WK1, MC1, WC1, C2, etc), the Division, if not ranking, age category (M, Senior, U23, J18, J16, J14, J12 & J10) and, in the case of Canoe Doubles, 'W' for Women or 'MX' for mixed, must all be stated on the entry. U23, Juniors, Veterans and Masters must state their Year of Birth.
- 6.1.6.e Payment of the advertised entry fee must be made to the organiser using one of the advertised acceptable forms of payment for the competition. Avoidance or failed payment will lead to disqualification and may lead to other disciplinary proceedings. Entries accepted, verbally or in writing, by the Organiser in good faith, constitute a promise to pay the correct fee whether or not the athlete takes part in the event.
- 6.1.6.f Entry cards MUST NOT be folded or creased. Use an envelope of suitable size DL or C5. One stamped and self-addressed envelope (s.a.e) C5 size may be enclosed with entry card for the results to be sent after the competition.
- 6.1.6.g E-mail contact details would be useful for notification of an incorrect entry or over subscription.
- 6.1.7 Entry Cards can be obtained from Club Secretaries, or the Entry Cards Officer,
 - Individual athletes: for every 15 cards required send one self-addressed envelope 11x22cm (DL), stamped 1st or 2nd class.
 - Clubs: send only address and number required. Refund stamps on receipt of cards.
- 6.1.8 Athletes who enter an event should notify the Organiser if they are no longer eligible or no longer wish to compete.
- 6.1.9 **UK** Team Entries
 - 6.1.9.a Team Entries should show details of each member of the team and the name of the club or team.
 - 6.1.9.b Entries by one or two athletes for scratch teams will be allocated to teams by the Organiser, whose decision is final. athletes entering for scratch teams must register with the Organiser at least one hour before the start of the team event.
 - 6.1.9.c At Inter-club, Inter-regional and Championship competitions, Organisers must be provided with the names of the members in each team at least two hours before the start of the team event.

6.2 ENTRY FEES (UK)

- 6.2.1 Entry Fees are listed on various web sites or may be confirmed by email to the Slalom Committee Treasurer. The entry fee for the team event is at the Organiser's discretion but may not be higher than that listed in the yearbook.
- 6.2.2 Junior entrants MUST state their year of birth on their entry in order to be eligible for Junior prizes.
- 6.2.3 ENTRY FEES ARE NOT RETURNABLE except:
 - where an athlete is promoted to a higher division and is thus ineligible to compete in an event already entered. The entry fees will be refunded providing the Organiser is notified before the competition.
 - if a competition is cancelled then Rule 20.6 applies.











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6.2.4 Minimum Entry Fees will be increased annually by the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) according to the formula: New fee = $A + \{A \times [(B-C)/C]\}$, rounded to nearest 10p. Where:

A =the entry fee for 2022

B = the index for September immediately prior to the relevant ACM

C =the index for September 2021.

| For reference, 2022 fees: | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Division | Entry Fee | Late Entry Fee (when accepted) | | |
| Premier & First Division | £20.00 | £25.00 | | |
| Division Two | £13.00 | £18.00 | | |
| Division Three | £8.00 | £9.30 | | |
| Division Four: | £6.00 | £6.00 | | |

6.2.5 Where organisers cannot realistically plan to cover the costs of organising races, e.g. water fees are excessive, they may charge an enhanced entry fee. Justification for this enhanced fee must be submitted to, and agreed by, the Slalom Committee in advance. Clubs must declare in the yearbook if enhanced fees may apply.

The enhanced entry fees must be published at least 3 months in advance. Late entry fees are not payable if minimum entry fee is sent with the entry, and enhanced entry fee paid before first runs commence.

6.2.6 A competition that allows for advance entry by a method other than post (e.g. via an online system) may charge a booking/transaction fee for use of the entry method. This fee must be clearly distinguished at that time of payment. Where a refund is given (whatsoever the reason) there is no requirement for the booking fees to be returned.

Traditional valid methods of entry must be accepted and given equal treatment.

6.3 ACCEPTANCE OF ENTRIES (UK)

- 6.3.1 The Organiser will acknowledge receipt of entries. In the case of ranking competition this will be by publishing a start list.
- 6.3.2 The Organiser must accept all entries which are correctly made unless the published limit for the Competition has been reached.
- 6.3.3 Incorrect or incomplete entries should be rejected by the Organiser, in particular if they are illegible, or lack the correct fee or do not show membership number.

6.4 RANKING LISTS (UK)

- 6.4.1 Ranking Lists
 - 6.4.1.a Published ranking lists show the division and position (bib number) of each ranked athlete at the start of the new season.
 - 6.4.1.b Juniors and those Under 23 (who declare their year of birth), Masters, Woman and Mixed C2 pairs, will be identified on end of season ranking lists, where the information is available.
 - 6.4.1.c Those who have elected for Veteran status and have competed will be shown in separate lists.
 - 6.4.1.d Newcomers to slalom, and any who have not been promoted from Division 4 and compete in Division 4 events, are not ranked until promoted to Division 3 or ranked into a division by the Ranking Status Officer in accordance with rule 6.4.2.
- 6.4.2 Re Ranking
 - 6.4.2.a Athletes ranked in any previous season but who did not compete last year must apply to the Ranking Status Officer for ranking status before participating in that event.
 - 6.4.2.b On applying for ranking an athlete may state the division preferred, but the Ranking Status Officer has the final say. athletes will normally be reinstated into the same division in which they were last ranked.











Taking effect from 1st January 2022



6.4.3 Changing Event

Any athlete wishing to compete in another event, must compete in the division below their lowest current ranking, unless it is considered more appropriate for them to compete in a higher division, in which case, application must be made to the Ranking Status Officer.

- 6.4.4 New athletes
 - 6.4.4.a New individual athletes must compete in Division 4. Those of proven ability may apply for Ranking Status giving full supporting evidence why they should not have to begin in Division 4.
 - 6.4.4.b Ranking Status must be taken up to the season in which it is granted
 - 6.4.4.c New C2 pairings that have not applied for ranking status may enter any competition at division 2 or below

6.5 PROMOTION AND RANKING (UK)

- 6.5.1 Promotion during the season through the divisions is based on performance at events as set out in rule 6.6 and 6.7. Promotion and demotion also occur at the end of each season, as decided by the Slalom Committee, when ranking lists have been finalised. athletes granted ranking status after 31st July are designated 'Short Season'. athletes promoted during a season are also designated 'Short Season'. Those designated 'Short Season' will not be demoted at the end of that season.
- 6.5.2 Athletes who have been unable to race in a major part of the season due to unforeseen circumstances, may apply to be protected from demotion. Such applications must be in writing and received by the 31st October of that season. Such status is discretionary. Applications will be decided by the Slalom Committee following a recommendation by the Ranking Status Officer.
- 6.5.3 Ranking Figures: In order that an athlete's score at one competition may be compared with someone else's score at another competition, scores are converted into 'points' by the methods described in rules 6.6 and 6.7. which are then used to determine ranking positions. To determine ties on end of year ranking lists based on points, reference is made to the best scoring results of the athletes concerned and then the next best, etc., until the tie is resolved.

6.6 RANKING CALCULATIONS (QUORATE EVENTS) (UK)

See Rule 1.7 for quorate and inquorate

6.6.1 Points Awarded in each Division

The maximum (winners) points in each division will be: Premier 2000 Points

Division 1 1000 Points
Division 2 500 Points
Division 3 250 Points

- 6.6.2 C2 Points Calculation
 - 6.6.2.a Ranking points awarded will be those given to the athlete in the corresponding Men's Kayak event whose score matches the athletes modified score, which is calculated by dividing by 1.2 and rounding down to the accuracy of the competition.
 - 6.6.2.b Unranked crews must apply for Ranking Status within 5 weeks of the competition in order to retain the ranking points allocated.
 - 6.6.2.c Note: Where the athlete's modified score does not correspond exactly with an athlete in the corresponding Men's Kayak event, then the points awarded to the next highest placed Men's Kayak athlete will be used. In the case that the modified score matches the score of more than one athlete in the Men's Kayak competition then the points awarded to the higher placed Men's Kayak athlete will be used. Multiple division competitions will be ranked against the highest corresponding Men's Kayak results.











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6.6.3 All Divisions (except Division 4)

6.6.3.a For points purposes, host division accordance with the formula: Points =

[div max] - ((position-1) x ([div max]/No. of host div comps))

e.g. in a Premier event with 32 boats, the eighth placed athlete would receive:

$$2000-((8-1) \times (2000/32)) = 2000-(7\times62.5) = 1562.5$$
 points

rounded to 1563

e.g. in a Division 2 event with 32 boats, the eighth placed athlete would receive:

$$500-((8-1) \times (500/32) = 500-(7\times15.625) = 390.625$$
 points

rounded to 391

6.6.3.b All scores are rounded to the nearest whole number. Rounding, at the final calculation only, is as follows:

- when the unrounded figure is less than .5, round down,
- when the figure is .5 or greater round up,

e.g.
$$123.5 = 124$$
; $133.6 = 134$; $270.1 = 270$.

6.6.3.c An athlete who does not finish at least one run gets 0 points. Points are awarded based on the number of starters not the number of athletes.

Note: Where there is a dead heat (rule10.18, equal points are given, calculated for the highest placed such athlete.

- 6.6.4 Paddle Up Points Calculation
 - 6.6.4.a Provided that the host division event is quorate, paddle up athlete's points are obtained by comparing scores with the corresponding host division event. Where a score does not correspond exactly with a score in the host division event points will be awarded for the next place higher.

6.7 RANKING CALCULATIONS (INQUORATE EVENTS) (UK)

See Rule 1.7 for quorate and inquorate

- 6.7.1 In the case where a Men's Kayak event is inquorate, the points obtained using the quorate calculation will be divided by two before allocation.
- 6.7.2 In the case where a Women's Kayak or any Canoe event is inquorate, points awarded will be those given to the athlete in the corresponding Men's Kayak event whose score matches the athletes modified score, which is calculated by dividing by the following factor and rounding down to the accuracy of the competition.

Women's Kayak Singles. 1.12

Men's Canoe Singles. 1.08

Women's Canoe Singles. 1.20

Note: Where the athlete's modified score does not correspond exactly with an athlete in the corresponding Men's Kayak event, then the points awarded to the next highest placed Men's Kayak athlete will be used. In the case that the modified score matches the score of more than one athlete in the Men's Kayak competition then the points awarded to the higher placed Men's Kayak athlete will be used. Multiple division competitions will be ranked against the highest corresponding Men's Kayak results.

6.7.3 Points are calculated against the Men's Kayak scores to decide which phase the athlete would have reached, and that is used to allocate points. For example: Points are calculated against the Men's Kayak qualification result unless the modified score of the athlete in the qualification phase is equal to or less than the score of the last placed Kayak Man qualifying from the heats.













6.8 PROMOTION (UK)

- 6.8.1 Promotion from Quorate Division 4 competitions (See Rule 1.7)
 - 6.8.1.a Promotion is achieved as follows:
 - All Quorate Events: 1 in 5 (or part thereof).
 - If in WC1 they would have been promoted in either the WK1 or MK1 event.
 - Inquorate events, if their score would have gained promotion when compared to another quorate event.
 - In all cases if their score is better than that of an athlete awarded more than 100 points in the corresponding division 3 event.
 - 6.8.1.b In all cases where two, or more, athletes are tied on best run scores for the last promotion place from Division 4 then all such athletes are promoted.
- 6.8.2 Promotion in all other Divisions

Promotion will be gained by attaining the following points from the five best results:

Division 1 to Premier 4750
Division 2 to Division 1 2350
Division 3 to Division 2 1100

Or, in each case, achieving the division maximum points or more three times.

6.8.3 End of season results

Ranking positions are calculated using the best five results. In the event of a tie, refer to Rules 2.7 (championship tie break) or 10.18 (ranking tie break). Division 4 athletes are not ranked.

- 6.8.4 Retaining Points on Promotion
 - 6.8.4.a Any points earned as a paddle up are retained (for that season only) upon promotion to the next division. Any points earned in the existing division are lost on promotion. Paddle up points are retained for the next division only and are lost on any subsequent promotion in the season.
 - 6.8.4.b By way of clarification: points cannot be carried over from one year to the next. All points are lost at the end of the season.













CHAPTER 7 - COMPETITION OFFICIALS

7.1 JURY

7.1.1 **UK** The Chief Judge and the Assistant Chief Judge(s) form the Jury.

7.2 OFFICIALS

- 7.2.1 * Depending on its nature and importance, a Canoe Slalom competition is managed by the following officials:
 - 1) * Chief Official
 - 2) * Chief Judge
 - 3) * Video Judge (not usually relevant in UK)
 - 4) * Assistant Chief Judge

UK two assistant chief judges are normally appointed for Premier and Championship events.

- 5) * Technical Organiser *
- 6) * Gate Judges *
- 7) * Course Designer *
- 8) Start Judge
- 9) Pre-Start Control
- 10) Finish Judge
- 11) Start and Finish Timekeepers
- 12) Chief of Scoring
- 13) Equipment Controller
- 14) Safety Officer *
- 15) TVS / Video Judge Coordinator (Not usually applicable in the UK)
- 16) Medical Officer (Not usually applicable in the UK)
- 7.2.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 7.2.3 Not applicable in the UK

7.3 CHIEF OFFICIAL

- 7.3.1 The **Chief Official** directs the competition according to the rules.
- 7.3.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 7.3.3 Not applicable in the UK
- 7.3.4 The **Chief Official** must use available technology (weather reports, wind meters etc.) to be aware of changes to the competition conditions (e.g. weather wind, lightening, water level) and respond accordingly.
- 7.3.5 Not applicable in the UK

7.4 TECHNICAL ORGANISER

- 7.4.1 The **Technical Organiser** is responsible for the local preparations for the competition, the conduct of the entire competition and the installation and proper functioning of technical equipment required for the competition.
- 7.4.2 The **Technical Organiser** is a member of the Course Approval Committee.
 - **UK** The Technical Organiser is the person named in the Yearbook and must be prepared to answer correspondence on any aspect of the event and will be the person held responsible for completing all post competition tasks defined in rule 20.7













7.5 CHIEF JUDGE

- 7.5.1 The **Chief Judge** must ensure that the competition is run correctly and in keeping with the competition rules.
- 7.5.2 The Chief Judge applies the competition rules and may disqualify an athlete or grant a rerun.
- 7.5.3 The Chief Judge is the final arbiter on all judging matters. When there is official television or official video of the competition, they may avail himself/herself of the television or video footage to assist in their determination of any relevant matter or protest.
- 7.5.4 *After the Chief Judge has ruled on a protest concerning penalties the result then becomes a matter of fact and therefore cannot be enquired/protested further.
- 7.5.5 The Chief Judge is a member of the Course Approval Committee.

7.6 ASSISTANT CHIEF JUDGE

- 7.6.1 The **Assistant Chief Judge** will closely co-operate with the Chief Judge and the Chief Official and will assist with the administrative tasks related to the competition especially judging locations and instructions to judges.
- 7.6.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 7.6.3 They will oversee the collection of the forms necessary for the administration of the Enquiry Office and any other matters necessary for the Secretariat.
- 7.6.4 They will assist in the formulation of the decisions of the Chief Judge regarding any enquiries/protests and will oversee the recording and archiving of all relevant official forms.

7.7 TRANSMISSION JUDGE

- 7.7.1 The **Transmission Judge**, who may also act as a Primary or Secondary Gate Judge, is responsible for the transmission of the final decision of the Primary Judge/s to the Scoring Office.
- 7.7.2 Normally the Transmission Judge will collate and transmit the results of a number of gates assigned for a Section.
- 7.7.3 The Transmission Judge signals the penalties for each gate with the corresponding discs, cards or section scoreboard.

7.8 GATE JUDGE

- 7.8.1 The **Gate Judge** is responsible for observing and recording an athlete's passage through their assigned gates.
- 7.8.2 At the discretion of the Chief Judge, a Gate Judge may be assigned one (1) or more gates for which they will make the final decision of the athlete's passage.
- 7.8.3 This Judge will be referred to as a Primary Judge and may also provide their own assessment of adjacent gates to the respective adjacent Primary Judge/s.
- 7.8.4 In arriving at the final decision the Primary Judge must also consider the adjacent Gate Judge's observations, especially those who may be in a better position for a particular negotiation (better position may mean being closer or further away but on a better angle for each individual case).
- 7.8.5 The Primary Judge will assess each circumstance, make a decision and signal that decision to the Transmission Judge.
- 7.8.6 It is the duty of all Gate Judges to consider and record their own view of every gate to which they have been assigned.
- 7.8.7 It is not the role of the Transmission Judge to overrule any decision of a Primary Judge, rather to record, display and forward that decision to the Scoring Office.













7.9 TVS / VIDEO JUDGE COORDINATOR

- 7.9.1 The **TVS/Video Judge Coordinator** is responsible for the complete setup and proper functioning of any TVS and video judge hardware and software.
- 7.9.2 The TVS/Video Judge Coordinator guides and troubleshoots the video production and distribution to meet the TVS and the Video Judge requirements.

7.10 VIDEO JUDGES

- 7.10.1 **Video Judges** carry the same responsibility as a Gate Judge and act as an additional resource to determine the correct decision for an athlete on any gate.
- 7.10.2 The Video Judge can systematically view all athletes.
- 7.10.3 Video judges may review any athlete on any gate, or sequence of gates.
- 7.10.4 The Video Judge reports any discrepancy to the Chief Judge who may change the decision of a Gate Judge when the video demonstrates clear and conclusive evidence.

7.11 COURSE DESIGNERS

- 7.11.1 The **Course Designers** are responsible for the design of the course and ensure that the course is maintained in its original design during the competition.
- 7.11.2 The Course Designers are responsible for the proper hanging of the gates and for the other relevant installations and must always be ready to make repairs or adjustments as necessary.
- 7.11.3 The Course Designers are members of the Course Approval Committee.

7.12 PRE-START CONTROL

- 7.12.1 The **Pre-Start Control** position is not mandatory but may be required because of the configuration of the venue or the need to check equipment marks.
- 7.12.2 The Pre-Start Control may advise the athlete as to when to proceed to the start pool.
- 7.12.3 If required, the Pre-Start Control confirms that the athlete's equipment carries the marks applied at Equipment Control.
- 7.12.4 If the athlete does not carry the appropriate marks the Pre-Start control notifies the Start Judge and Chief Judge who make a decision on if the athlete may or may not start the competition. Any time lost from the above process goes against the athlete.

7.13 START JUDGE

- 7.13.1 The **Start Judge** assures that the athletes are in the correct order and gives permission to start.
- 7.13.2 They can refuse to start an athlete if the athlete:
 - 7.13.2.a Fails to respect the safety rules.
 - 7.13.2.b Fails to present themselves at the start, promptly after having been called by the Start Judge to do so.
 - 7.13.2.c Is not properly dressed, does not have a start number or has an incorrect start number.
 - 7.13.2.d Does not follow the Start Judge's orders.
- 7.13.3 In case of any abnormality at the start, the Start Judge must immediately inform the Chief Judge.













7.14 FINISH JUDGE

- 7.14.1 The **Finish Judge** determines when an athlete has finished the course in the proper manner (see rule 10.4).
- 7.14.2 **UK** They record any penalties incurred on the Finish Line and transmit them to the Scoring Office.

7.15 TIMEKEEPERS

7.15.1 The Timekeepers are responsible for keeping the exact running time for each athlete and for its transmission to the Scoring Office.

7.16 CHIEF OF SCORING

7.16.1 The **Chief of Scoring** is responsible for calculation and publication of accurate competition results based on data received under the direction of the Chief Judge.

7.17 EQUIPMENT CONTROLLER

7.17.1 The **Equipment Controller** ensures that the boats, buoyancy aids and helmets fulfil rules 3.1 to 3.6 and may mark them accordingly.

7.18 * SAFETY OFFICER

- 7.18.1 * The **Safety Officer**, together with a rescue squad and according to the circumstances, rescues anyone in the competition course.
- 7.18.2 They must have available the necessary safety and first-aid equipment.
- 7.18.3 The Water Safety Officer must also ensure that any local requirements regarding First aid provision are met.

7.19 OFFICIALS BEHAVIOUR

- 7.19.1 An official may assume multiple functions or roles for the competition.
- 7.19.2 No official may communicate with, or in any way give technical advice to an athlete while they are on the course.
- 7.19.3 A Gate Judge must not draw an athlete's attention, in any manner whatsoever to any error committed in relation to the athlete's negotiation of the course unless signalling the penalty assigned to a gate.
- 7.19.4 There must be constant radio communication between Chief Official, Chief Judge, Assistant Chief Judge, Video Judge, Start Judge, Equipment Controller, TVS/Video Judge Coordinator and Chief of Scoring.

7.20 NOMINATION FOR ICF COMPETITIONS

7.20.1 Not applicable in the UK













CHAPTER 8 - FIELD OF PLAY

8.1 HOMOLOGATION

8.1.1 Not applicable in the UK

8.2 COMPETITION COURSE

- 8.2.1 **UK** The velocity of the current and the difficulty of the course shall be appropriate to the level of competition. The course may consist of natural and/or artificial obstacles.
- 8.2.2 The minimum length for a course is 150 m, the maximum length is 400 m measured from the start line to the finish line down the centre line of the course.
- 8.2.3 A competition venue must include warm up and cool down areas for the athletes. These areas are open for all athletes that are competing and must not affect the start and finish area.

8.3 GATE REQUIREMENTS

- 8.3.1 The gates consist of two (2) suspended poles painted with green and white rings for downstream gates and red and white rings for upstream gates, with the bottom ring always white, each ring is 20 cm high.
- 8.3.2 A black band of a minimum width of 2 cm and maximum width of 2.5 cm is placed around the base of each pole.
- * The gate numbers may be displayed according to the ICF CSLC template on the white ring, second from the bottom.
- 8.3.4 Competition Logos and/or advertising agreed with the CSLC may be displayed on any of the rings above the bottom four (4) rings.
- 8.3.5 The width of a gate is 1.2 meters minimum to 4.0 meters maximum measured between the inside edge of the poles.
- 8.3.6 Poles must be round and 1.6 to 2 m long by 4.0 to 5.0 cm in diameter, and of sufficient weight that motion caused by wind is not excessive.
- 8.3.7 The height of the poles above the water should be such that it provides fair and reasonable conditions for negotiation whilst simultaneously satisfying the aims of the Course Designers.
- 8.3.8 As an indicator to the Course Designers and Chief Judge the pole height should be approximately 20 cm above the surface of the water and should not be set in motion by any surge of water.
- 8.3.9 * The pole adjusting system must enable easy adjustment for each pole on every gate.
- 8.3.10 Gates must be numbered in the order of negotiation.
- 8.3.11 The gate number panels must measure 20cm x 20cm (recommended) or 30 cm x 30 cm. The numbers must be inscribed on both sides of the panels using written in black on a yellow or white background. Each number and letter must measure 20 cm in height and 2 cm in thickness. On the side of the panel opposite the direction of correct negotiation, there is a diagonal red line from the bottom left to the top right.













CHAPTER 9 - PRE-COMPETITION

9.1 TEAM LEADERS MEETING & INSTRUCTIONS

9.1.1 Not applicable in the UK

9.2 COMPETITION SCHEDULE

- 9.2.1 **UK** A complete start list (competition schedule) including individual run times must be available at Control at least 1 hour before the ranking race begins.
- * The final competition schedule must contain the complete timetable of the events as well as the name, bib number and National Federation of each participating athlete.
- 9.2.3 In organising the competition schedule, the following principles should be followed:
 - 9.2.3.a The individual events including their respective semi-final / final should be held as a unit before or after the team events.
 - 9.2.3.b Consideration should be given to the schedule to allow athletes to compete in multiple events.
- 9.2.4 Not applicable in the UK
- 9.2.5 *UK* Exceptions:
 - 9.2.5.a Officials should, wherever possible, be offered two runs on both days of a double slalom competition. During single Competitions that run over two days, runs in the officials' event may take place on separate days.
 - 9.2.5.b Where entries from foreign athletes have been accepted, their runs should take place at the end of the respective individual event unless a separate 'guest event' has been created for them.
 - 9.2.5.c No athlete or Official shall be required to have a scheduled competitive run, individual or team, within one hour of another such run, except in the case of those entered in two events

9.3 START ORDER

- 9.3.1 *The Organiser is responsible for the start list at ranking competitions.
- 9.3.2 Individual events
 - 9.3.2.a * In individual events the start order for each event will be based on the ranking bib. Athletes will start in the reverse order of their bib number.
 - 9.3.2.b * Athletes without a ranking bib number are placed at the beginning of the start order. Their position on the start order is drawn and is the responsibility of the Organiser.
 - 9.3.2.c The start order of the next phase will be the reverse order of the previous phase results.
- 9.3.3 Team events
- 9.3.4 Not applicable in the UK
- 9.3.5 *UK* The start order is drawn and is the responsibility of the organiser.

9.4 COURSE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- 9.4.1 * The course for ranking events above division 4 must consist of a minimum of 18 gates and a maximum of 25 gates, of which six (6) or eight (8) must be upstream gates.
 - 9.4.1.a **UK** At division 4 races the course must consist of a minimum of 12 gates and a maximum of 25 gates, of which 4, 6 or 8 must be upstream gates.
 - 9.4.1.b **UK** Where appropriate, for example at weirs where some of the course may flow in an upstream direction, the maximum number of upstream gates may be exceeded, provided that the spirit of the rule is adhered to.
 - 9.4.1.c **UK** At Premier and Division 1 competitions, gates will not be positioned until Friday afternoon before the race, lines may be positioned, and gates prepared on the bank in advance











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- 9.4.2 As a recommendation for the Course Designers, the course should be navigable for MK1 in a time close to 95 seconds.
- 9.4.3 The course must be entirely navigable throughout its length and provide the same conditions for right-handed and left-handed C1 and C2 athletes. The ideal course should include:
 - Minimum one (1) gate-combination, which offers the athlete several options
 - Constant direction changes and flowing movements using the technical difficulties of the water (eddies, waves and rapids).
- 9.4.4 The Start and Finish positions and their organisation must be agreed to by the Chief Judge prior to the beginning of official training.
- 9.4.5 The distance between the last gate and the finish line must be no less than 15 meters and must be no more than 25 meters.
 - **UK** Exceptions to these distances have to be approved by the Chief Judge.
- 9.4.6 The gates must be placed with correct presentation clearly indicated (by the colour of poles and the number board) and sufficient room be allowed to permit a correct negotiation and judgement of penalties without uncertainty.
- 9.4.7 If during the event the Chief Judge identifies that a significant change in water level has occurred that may be corrected, they may stop the competition until the original water conditions are restored.
- 9.4.8 If during the competition unusual circumstances alter the nature or design of the course, only the Chief Judge may authorise alteration to or change the position of a gate.

9.5 COURSE DESIGN PROCESS

- 9.5.1 The Course Designers design and publish the course for the heats and semi-final/final course, which take into account the positions for judging used for all courses.
- 9.5.2 A semi-final/final course may be changed from the heats course provided the balance of the course is maintained.
- 9.5.3 The Technical Organiser and the Chief Judge may offer the Course Designers their advice on the course design and the hanging of the course.
- 9.5.4 The organising National Federation must provide the Course Designers with information on the possibility of and necessity for water control or any other information affecting water level.
- 9.5.5 Not applicable in the UK
- 9.5.6 Not applicable in the UK

9.6 APPROVAL OF THE COURSE DESIGN

- 9.6.1 The boats for the demonstration run should include one (1) right-handed MC1, one (1) left-handed MC1, one (1) right-handed WC1, one (1) left-handed WC1, two (2) MK1, two (2) WK1, and two (2) C2 (front left and front right).
- 9.6.2 In any case the maximum number of boats for each event should be no more than two (2).
- 9.6.3 The demonstration run should include navigation of the course by each demonstrator in sections followed by a full-length run by each demonstrator.
- 9.6.4 The Chief Official, the Technical Organiser, the Chief Judge and the Course Designers form the Course Approval Committee which determine the navigability of the courses and approve the course(s) for the competition.
- 9.6.5 If the course is judged in some way unacceptable, (i.e. the course, or part of the course is unfair, dangerous or impossible to negotiate) the Course Approval Committee is empowered to make a decision to rectify the problem.











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- 9.6.6 If more than half of the Course Approval Committee ask for a modification, the course must be modified. In these cases, the new course change proposals will be made by the Course Designers for reconsideration and approval.
- 9.6.7 After the approval, no further modification may be made.

9.7 TRAINING

- 9.7.1 * At the Organiser's discretion, for division 1 or below, a training run may be allowed on the completed course.
- 9.7.2 Training runs are not mandatory.
- 9.7.3 The first start of the official training runs (when held) may not be held less than 20 minutes after the course is finally declared approved.
- 9.7.4 **UK** At Selection & Premier competitions there will be no training runs. At Division 1 to 4 at least one run must be available, additional training runs are permitted at the Organiser's discretion.
- 9.7.5 **UK** For each official training run it is necessary that:
 - There be a specific person who is the general overseer and that the directions of this person are adhered to.
 - The runs take place with start numbers and in numerical (start) order. They are carried out according to the competition rules.
 - Usual safety precautions are observed.
 - A rescue squad is in place when it is required.
 - Official training runs are completed as a single attempt at the course.
- 9.7.6 **UK** Non-observance of any of the above conditions is grounds for disqualification. In the event that a paddle breaks during a training run, an athlete may accept external help and continue the course. In the event of a capsize, the run can be continued from the point of the capsize.
- 9.7.7 **UK** At Division 1 to 4, periods for additional practice runs and free practice and procedures for the control of organised free practice must be detailed in the start list. Free practice is allowed at the discretion of the Organiser subject to adequate safety and control provision. During all organised practice there should be at least two persons supervising safety, one at the start to organise regular starts and at least one other along the course to ensure that full runs only are attempted where required by the rules or by the Organiser.













CHAPTER 10 - COMPETITION

I - Start, Finish and Timing

10.1 START

- 10.1.1 Starts should be directly upstream or downstream.
- 10.1.2 An assistant to the Start Judge may hold each boat at the starting position until the start.
- 10.1.3 The boat must be stationary at the start
- 10.1.4 In the team runs, all boats must be stationary. The boat in the start gate must activate the timing of the run. The boat can be either A, B, or C
- 10.1.5 In all cases the athletes must follow the Start Judge's positioning or special instructions.

10.2 START INTERVAL

- 10.2.1 In individual events, starts are separated by at least forty-five seconds.
- 10.2.2 In the team events, starts are separated by at least ninety seconds.
- 10.2.3 **UK** Organisers must run competitions according to the published schedule showing athletes start times. If the event is ahead of schedule, an athlete who is present at the published time must be allowed to start.

10.3 FALSE START

- 10.3.1 Only the Start Judge is qualified to determine that a false start has occurred and to recall the athlete by means of an appropriate signal.
- 10.3.2 The Start Judge determines if a second start is given and notifies the Chief Judge of his/her decision.

10.4 FINISH

- 10.4.1 The finish line must be marked clearly on both sides of the course.
 - **UK** The Start and Finish may not be the same gate.
- 10.4.2 An athlete's run is complete when the finish line is broken by the athlete's body. The athlete must not cross the finish line more than once or risk disqualification for that run (DSQ).
- 10.4.3 In the team event all three (3) boats must cross the finish line within 15 seconds of each other or incur a 50 second penalty (see rule 10.9.6).
- 10.4.4 If an athlete crosses the finish line upside down or capsized, (see rule 10.15), as deemed by the Finish Judge, then the athlete will be given a DNF for that run.

10.5 TIMING

- 10.5.1 The time of a run is measured from the time that the athlete's body or electronic device (on body or boat) breaks the start line to the time when the finish line is broken by the athlete's body or electronic device (in C2, the first body that crosses the line).
- 10.5.2 In teams racing the time is measured from the time when the first athlete breaks the start line to the time the last athlete breaks the finish line.











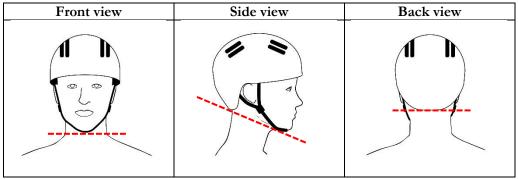


- 10.5.3 **UK** Where a Slalom Committee approved electronic timing system, with double electronic beam start and finish, is used the competition shall be timed and scored to 0.01 seconds. In the event of failure of the electronic start/finish for the whole of an event then manual start and/or finish shall be used, and times and scores calculated to 0.1 second.
- 10.5.4 **UK** Where any other start and/or finish method is used the whole competition shall be timed to 0.1 seconds (or complete seconds with the approval of the Chief Judge).
- 10.5.5 **UK** All fractions of a lesser order than that specified shall be ignored in displaying times and final scores.
- 10.5.6 **UK** All competitions must have independent back-up timing.
- 10.5.7 **UK** Where back-up times have to be used in a few cases (not amounting to a total breakdown) they will be to the same standard as set for the event concerned. It is recommended that synchronised digital stop watches, one at start and two at finish, recording 'time of day' to 0.01 second be used.
- 10.5.8 **UK** The Chief Judge will make regular checks on back- up timing and may suspend the event if undue discrepancy is found.

II - Gate Negotiation and Judgment

10.6 NEGOTIATION

- 10.6.1 All the gates must be negotiated in numerical order.
- 10.6.2 All gates may be negotiated in any presentation from the correct side of the gate as displayed by the gate number panels.
- 10.6.3 The gate line, in all circumstances is defined as the line between the outside edge of the bottom of the two (2) poles, projected from the end of the poles vertically to the riverbed.
- 10.6.4 The following conditions must be satisfied for negotiation of the gate:
 - 10.6.4.a Negotiation of the gate begins when the boat or the body or the paddle touches a pole of the gate or part of the head of the athlete (in C2, one (1) of the two (2) athletes) breaks the gate line.
 - 10.6.4.b Negotiation of a gate is ended when the negotiation of any subsequent gate begins, or the finish line is crossed.
- 10.6.5 The following conditions must be satisfied for a gate to be considered correctly negotiated:
 - 10.6.5.a The whole head of the athlete or athletes must cross the gate line in accordance with the correct side of the gate and the course plan. A whole head is defined as follows:



10.6.5.b Part of the boat must cross the gate line at the same instant as the whole head crosses the line.













10.7 ZERO (0) PENALTY SECONDS

10.7.1 Correct negotiation without touching the pole with any part of the body, equipment, paddle or boat.

10.8 TWO (2) PENALTY SECONDS

- 10.8.1 Correct negotiation of the gate, but with a touch of one (1) or both poles.
- 10.8.2 Repeated touching of the same or both poles is only penalised once.

10.9 FIFTY (50) PENALTY SECONDS

- 10.9.1 A touch of a gate (either 1 or 2 poles) without correct negotiation of the gate.
- 10.9.2 Intentional pushing of a gate to allow negotiation unless correctly renegotiated before any subsequent gate is negotiated. An intentional push is an unexpected action of the Athlete to enable negotiation of the gate.
- 10.9.3 The head of the athlete (in C2 one, or both athletes) breaks the gate line upside down unless correctly renegotiated before any subsequent gate is negotiated (for definition of upside down see rule 10.15.1).
- 10.9.4 Any part of the head of the athlete breaks the gate line in the wrong direction during negotiation of the gate, unless the negotiation of the gate begins in the correct direction and finishes in the correct direction before any subsequent gate is negotiated.
- 10.9.5 Gate left out: this is determined to have occurred when negotiation of any subsequent gate begins, or the finish line is crossed.
- 10.9.6 The last team member failing to cross the finish line within fifteen (15) seconds of the first team member to finish.
- 10.9.7 Part of the head breaks the gate line (in C2, one or both athletes) in the correct direction, with or without part of the boat, unless correctly renegotiated before any subsequent gate is negotiated.

10.10 UNDERCUTTING OF A GATE

10.10.1 Undercutting of a gate by the athlete with any part of their body or equipment, except part of their head, without a touch is not penalised.

10.11 REPEATED ATTEMPTS AT A GATE

10.11.1 Repeated attempts at a gate without touching the poles is not penalised if part of the head of the athlete(s) has not broken the gate line in the wrong direction.

10.12 MAXIMUM PENALTY FOR A GATE

10.12.1 Fifty (50) penalty seconds is the maximum obtainable by one (1) athlete on any one gate.

10.13 BENEFIT OF ANY DOUBT

10.13.1 At all times, the benefit of any doubt must be given to the athlete.













III - Special Situations

10.14 CLEARING THE COURSE

- 10.14.1 When an athlete is overtaken by another athlete, they must give way, if a Judge gives repeated blasts on a whistle.
- 10.14.2 The overtaking athlete must be attempting to negotiate the course properly. If the athlete is overtaking as a result of missing gates, then they must not hinder the athlete that they are approaching.
- 10.14.3 If an athlete is hindered by another athlete, they may repeat the run, if so authorised by the Chief Judge.

10.15 UPSIDE DOWN AND CAPSIZE

- 10.15.1 The boat is considered upside down when the head of the athlete is entirely under water.
- 10.15.2 It is considered to be a capsize when the athlete (or an athlete in C2) has left the boat completely.
- 10.15.3 * Rolling is not considered to be a capsize. In team runs, members of the team may help each other to roll without penalty.

10.16 DISQUALIFICATION FOR THE RUN

- 10.16.1 If an athlete competes in a boat or with equipment, which does not conform to the rules, the Chief Judge should disqualify him/her for that run. (DSQ).
- 10.16.2 The Chief Judge should disqualify for the run, an athlete who accepts outside assistance. (DSQ)
- 10.16.3 The following is considered as "outside assistance":
 - Any aid given to an athlete or to his/her boat.
 - Any giving, passing, or throwing to an athlete of a spare paddle or their original lost paddle.
 - Any directing, pushing, or movement of the boat by anyone other than the athlete.
 - Any directions to athletes by means of electro-acoustic apparatus or radiotelephone (e.g. radiotelephone between the athlete and any other person).
- 10.16.4 After a capsize (see rule 10.15.2) in a team run, the rest of the team are not permitted to intentionally negotiate any subsequent gates (DSQ).
- 10.16.5 An athlete who does not keep their paddle in both hands and attempts to break the finish line with their paddle before the body breaks the finish line as deemed by the Finish Judge (see rule 10.5.1).
- 10.16.6 An athlete who is not ready to start as scheduled may be disqualified for that run (DSQ) if there is negligence on the athlete's part as deemed by the Chief Judge.
- 10.16.7 In all cases the athletes must follow the defined start procedures and special start instructions, or a disqualification (DSQ) will result.
- 10.16.8 **UK** No person, other than an authorised Official, may approach or otherwise distract, a Judge whilst at their judging position. No person may, at any time, harass, or threaten a Judge, or act in a manner likely to interfere with their judging duties.
- 10.16.9 **UK** If at any time an athlete, or their representative, makes an unauthorised approach to a Judge concerning a protest, the protest should be rejected, and the athlete may be disqualified (DSQ) from the run at the discretion of the Chief Judge.











Taking effect from 1st January 2022



IV - Results Calculation

10.17 CALCULATION AND POSTING OF RESULTS

The following formula is used to calculate the results:

best time run in seconds + penalty seconds = result

10.17.1.a Sample for an individual score in each run

| Running time: | 2′20.82" | = | 60 + 60 + 20.82 | = | 140.82 | seconds |
|------------------|----------|---|-----------------|---|--------|---------|
| Penalty seconds: | | | 2 + 2 + 50 | = | 54.00 | seconds |
| Total: | | | | = | 194.82 | seconds |

10.17.1.b Sample for Scoring of a Team in each run:

Time between the start of the first boat and the arrival of the last boat: 2'20.82"

| Running time: | 2′20.82" | = | 60 + 60 + 20.82 | = | 140.82 | Seconds |
|---------------------------------|----------|---|-----------------|---|--------|---------|
| Penalty seconds of first boat: | | | | = | 104.00 | Seconds |
| Penalty seconds of second boat: | | | | = | 154.00 | Seconds |
| Penalty seconds of third boat: | | | | = | 56.00 | Seconds |
| Total: | | | | = | 454.82 | Seconds |

- 10.17.2 As soon as the results of a run for an athlete or team are known, the start number, the penaltyseconds, and the time should be posted in the designated place until the time for filing enquiries has elapsed.
- The following notations will be used in reporting the results: 10.17.3

| DNS | Did not start |
|-----|--|
| DNF | Did not finish |
| DSQ | Disqualified for particular run |
| DQB | Disqualified for the whole competition |

In case of DQB – no classification is recorded.

- 10.17.4 Athletes with normal results in, at least, one (1) run, should be sorted normally.
- 10.17.5 *Athletes/Teams receiving (DNF or DSQ or one (1) DNS combined with DNF or DSQ in multiple runs) should be sorted by Bib Number.
- 10.17.6 Athletes with only DNS result in multiple or single runs should not be ranked.
- 10.17.7 *In the semi-final or final phase of a competition, an athlete who receives a DNS will be ranked and will receive ranking points from their previous phase completed.
- * In the semi-final or final phase of a competition, where athletes receive a DNF, DSQ or DNS, 10.17.8 they are listed and ranked in the following order DNF, DSQ then DNS. In the case that two (2) athletes have the same code they will be ranked and will receive ranking points by their results in the previous phase.
- In the results output that includes multiple runs, results should be shown just for the completed 10.17.9
- 10.17.10 For DQB boat(s) the boat(s) are eliminated from the whole competition and will not be ranked. The results, which have already been achieved from a phase when DQB subsequently occurs, will not be shown in the results or the race analysis of that particular phase. Results for phases, which the boat(s) completed before disqualification, will remain.

10.17.11 **UK** Official Results

10.17.11.a These will be posted at the end of the race and will contain two signatures, the Chief of Scoring (responsible for the collation and production of results) and the Chief Judge. The signature of the Chief of Scoring will attest that the results produced are accurate and that the race has been timed and scored appropriately. The signature of the Chief Judge shall attest that there are no outstanding protests or actions that will result in changes to the results.











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- 10.17.11.b Where there has been an error in the result or points for an athlete, they may appeal to the Secretary of the Slalom Committee to review / amend their result. Any such amendment will only affect the points allocated to the athlete, not any other results.
- 10.17.11.c At the end of an event the final published results will be deemed to be the official record of the race. Where an athlete is subsequently declared ineligible to compete or disqualified for the competition, only their result will be removed. The points awarded to other athletes will not be recalculated. Where an error has been made in the calculation of points for a whole event, the points will be recalculated, and the revised results published.

10.18 DEAD HEAT / TIES

- 10.18.1 Where two (2) or more athletes obtain the same result as their best run, the lower result of their other run will resolve the tie. If this does not resolve the tie, then the athletes are given the same ranking for the phase.
- 10.18.2 * In the case where a tie for a position that qualifies the athlete for the next phase (semi-final or final) cannot be resolved, the tied athletes will progress to the semi-final or final with the bib number(s) placed above the higher bib number(s).
- 10.18.3 Medal awarding for tied boats:
 - In case of two (2) boats sharing the gold, the silver medal will not be awarded.
 - In case of three (3) or more boats share the gold; no silver and bronze will be awarded.
 - In case two (2) or more boats share the silver, no bronze medal will be awarded.
 - In case that two (2) or more boats share the bronze, all will be awarded a bronze.













CHAPTER 11 - POST-COMPETITION

11.1 ENQUIRY

11.1.1 Not applicable in the UK

11.2 PROTEST

- 11.2.1 * A protest against an athlete to compete in a race must be advised to the Chief Judge not later than one (1) hour before the start of the race.
- 11.2.2 **UK** A protest can be lodged against a decision of a judge
 - If there was poor or non-observation of the negotiation of a gate.
 - For obvious irregularity in the conduct of the competition.
- 11.2.3 **UK** A protest is considered only when:
 - It is submitted in writing on the appropriate form.
 - It is submitted no more than 15 minutes after the display of the result for the last athlete for that event phase.
 - It is submitted personally to the competition control office for the attention of the Chief Judge
- 11.2.4 Not applicable in the UK

11.2.5 UK Protest form deposit

- 11.2.5.a **UK** The Chief Judge or Enquiry Desk will accept a protest from upon receipt of a deposit. The deposit is returned if the protest is upheld. If the protest is not upheld, or the protest is withdrawn, it shall be donated to a pre-designated charity of the Organiser's choosing. The amount of the donation shall be recorded on the summary sheets sent to the Slalom Treasurer pursuant to rule 19.7.9.
 - At Selection, and Premier events the protest fee is £10.
 - At Division 1 and 2 events the protest fee is £5
 - At Division 3 events the protest fee is £3
 - At Division 4 events there is no fee to register a protest.
- 11.2.5.b **UK** At Inter-Club or Inter-Regional events submitted by the Team Leader, deposit to be agreed at the Team Leaders meeting.
- 11.2.5.c **UK** At the discretion of the Chief Judge, inquiries into matters of fact or technical errors may be dealt with as simple enquiries (with no fee).
- 11.2.6 The Chief Judge evaluates the legitimacy of any protest. They may consult with the Judges involved and at their discretion, view any official video footage (Broadcast feed and / or TVS feed).
- 11.2.7 * The Chief Judge transmits their decision in writing to the directly affected.
- 11.2.8 * When a protest leads to a changed result all affected athletes must be informed.

11.3 APPEAL TO THE JURY

11.3.1 Not applicable in the UK

Note: While there can be no appeal against a decision of the Chief Judge, the Slalom Committee may review the consequences of such decisions (e.g. promotion, ranking points) where new facts become known













CHAPTER 12 - OLYMPIC GAMES

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.

CHAPTER 13 - WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.

CHAPTER 14 - JUNIOR AND UNDER 23 WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.

CHAPTER 15 - WORLD CUP

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.













CHAPTER 16 - EXTREME CANOE SLALOM - COMPETITION RULES

* The competitions must be conducted in accordance with the Canoe Slalom competition rules except as modified herein.

I - Equipment

16.1 BOATS

- 16.1.1 Only mass produced (manufactured in large quantities by an automated mechanical process) plastic (roto-moulded, thermoformed or blow-moulded) boats freely available for purchase on the open market are permitted.
- 16.1.2 Not applicable in the UK
- 16.1.3 Measurements

| 16.1.3 | Measurements | | | | |
|--------|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| | All types of K1 | Maximum length 2.75 m | | | |
| 16.1.4 | Minimum Weight of Boats | | | | |
| | All types of K1 | 18 kg | | | |
| 16.1.5 | The bow of all boats must have a minimum radius of 5 cm horizontally. | | | | |
| 16.1.6 | The boat must not have any dangerous sharp edges. | | | | |

- **16.2 HELMET**
- 16.2.1 **(UK)** The helmet must comply with EN 1385 or equivalent.
- *Each helmet must be marked in such a way that the following information in 16.2.3.c is easily legible for the user and is likely to remain legible throughout the life of the helmet to allow the control of the equipment by Officials.
- 16.2.3 *Testing process at competitions:
 - 16.2.3.a Not applicable in the UK.
 - 16.2.3.b The helmet must not be modified in any way.
 - 16.2.3.c The helmet must have clearly visible:
 - *The number of the appropriate Standard
 - The name or identification mark of the manufacturer
 - The date of manufacture
 - The designation "Helmet for canoeing and whitewater sports"

16.3 BUOYANCY AID

- 16.3.1 Definition / description
 - 16.3.1.a A buoyancy aid is a garment or device covering the upper trunk of the user like a vest which, when correctly worn and used in water, will provide the user with a specific amount of buoyancy which will increase the likelihood of survival.
 - 16.3.1.b A buoyancy aid must comply with the current industry standard that is, ISO 12402-5 (Level 50) or any national standard that meets the same requirements.
 - 16.3.1.c At all times the user of the buoyancy aid is responsible to respect the instructions and recommendations provided in the explanatory leaflet when purchased.
 - 16.3.1.d Not applicable in the UK
 - 16.3.1.e A buoyancy aid must rely only on inherently buoyant material (flotation foam) for its uplift. Inflating devices are not acceptable.











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- 16.3.1.f A buoyancy aid must have shoulder straps on either side to withstand lifting loads during rescue activities.
- 16.3.1.g All the buoyant material must be located in the vest above the waist.
- 16.3.1.h To avoid the user slipping out during rescue activities a buoyancy aid must be designed with side straps on either side or a crotch strap.
- 16.3.1.i At a competition the buoyancy aid's uplift will be tested using a 6.12 Kg calibrated stainless-steel weight or its equivalent in other metals.
- 16.3.1.j * The buoyancy aid manufacturer markings and identification must comply with the ISO standard (or equivalent national standard) to allow the control of equipment by Officials.
 - 16.3.1.k The rules contained in Rule 16.3apply to all sizes of buoyancy aid regardless of body weight.
- 16.3.2 Not applicable in the UK.
- 16.3.3 *The testing process at competitions is defined in the rule 3.5.3.

16.4 BODY PROTECTION

- 16.4.1 Not applicable in the UK.
- 16.4.2 Additional protection equipment is allowed to be worn (e.g. side protection, mouthguard, elbow protection).

16.5 PADDLE

16.5.1 The paddle is not permitted to have any sharp edges on the paddle blade. Sharp edges must be covered (e.g. guard, tape, silicon).

16.6 EQUIPMENT CONTROL

- 16.6.1 The athlete's equipment may be checked by the pre-start controller.
- 16.6.2 If an athlete's equipment does not comply with the requirements they will be eliminated from the round.

16.7 ADVERTISING

16.7.1 Requirements for advertising on equipment and clothing for Extreme Canoe Slalom are detailed in the ICF Guidelines for Advertising Trademark Identification on Equipment Manual.

II - Competition programme

16.8 COMPETITION PROGRAMME

The following individual events will be contested in Extreme Canoe Slalom:

| MX1 | Men's Extreme Canoe Slalom |
|-----|------------------------------|
| WX1 | Women's Extreme Canoe Slalom |













III - Competition Format

16.9 TIME TRIALS

- 16.9.1 Time trials will be held to rank athletes for the first phase of the extreme slalom competition.
- 16.9.2 Progression rules to the next phase:
 - 16.9.2.a If there are 24 or more athletes in the time trials, the top 20 ranked athletes will progress to the heats phase. The next 12 fastest athletes from each National Federation not yet qualified will progress to the heats phase.
 - 16.9.2.b If there are less than 24 athletes, the top 12 ranked athletes will progress to the quarterfinal phase. The next 4 fastest athletes from each National Federation not yet qualified will progress to the quarterfinal phase.
 - 16.9.2.c If there are less than 12 athletes in the time trials, the top 6 ranked athletes will progress to the semi-final phase. The next 2 fastest athletes from each National Federation not yet qualified will progress to the semi-final phase.
 - 16.9.2.d If there are less than 6 athletes in the time trials, the top 4 ranked athletes will progress to the final phase.
- 16.9.3 If there are fewer National Federations than the places in the next round, then the places will be filled by the best ranked athletes not yet qualified.

16.10 PROGRESSION SYSTEM

- 16.10.1 From each phase the 1st and 2nd placed athletes in each race will progress to the next phase and the others will be eliminated as per the bracket table.
- 16.10.2 **UK** The number of athletes progressing from the time trials must be published before the time trials start.

16.11 STARTING POSITION

- 16.11.1 In the first phase of the competition the Athlete with the fastest time trial result may choose their starting position followed by the second fastest, then the third fastest. The last place is taken by the fourth fastest result. This starting position selection process continues until the final phase.
- 16.11.2 In all subsequent phases, the two first placed Athletes will be ordered in first & second start positions based on their time trials time to choose the starting position. They will be followed by the two second placed athletes ordered in third & fourth start positions based on their time trials time to choose the remaining starting position.

16.12 FORCE MAJEURE

- 16.12.1 If an extreme slalom event is not completed for any reason, the Chief Judge can in these exceptional circumstances establish the final results of the competition based on the last completed phase of the event (e.g. time trials, heats or semi-finals).
- 16.12.2 In this instance Athletes time trial times are used to rank remaining Athletes to determine a winner.
- 16.12.3 Firstly, the wining Athletes of the previous phase are ranked according to their time trial time, then the second placed athletes etc. until all athletes are ranked.













IV - Invitation and Entries

16.13 ENTRIES

16.13.1 **UK** There are no limits on entries to national competitions.

V - Competition Officials

16.14 OFFICIALS

The competition is managed by the following officials:

- 1) * Chief Official (1)
- 2) * Chief Judge (1)
- 3) * Assistant Chief Judge (1)
- 4) * Video Judge (4)
- 5) * Technical Organiser (1)
- 6) * Gate Judges (11)
- 7) * Course Designer (2)
- 8) Start Judge (1)
- 9) Pre-Start & Equipment Control (2)
- 10) Finish Judge (1)

16.15 DUTIES OF OFFICIALS

- 16.15.1 The **Pre-Start Control** is mandatory and at all times assists the Starter as required especially advising the athletes on when to proceed to the start area and alighting the start platform. The Pre-Start Control is also responsible for checking the Athletes equipment meets the requirements.
- 16.15.2 The **Start & Finish Judges** are responsible for the timekeeping during the time trials.
- 16.15.3 The **Finish Judge** determines what order the athletes crossed the finish line.

VI - Field of Play

16.16 GATE REQUIREMENTS

- 16.16.1 The gates consist of one (1) or two (2) suspended poles coloured green for downstream gates and red for upstream gates.
- 16.16.2 Gates must be numbered on the poles.
- 16.16.3 Competition logos and/or advertising agreed with the CSLC may be displayed on the poles.
- 16.16.4 The gates must follow ICF Extreme Slalom gate requirements.

VII - Pre-Competition

16.17 COMPETITION SCHEDULE

16.17.1 * The competition schedule must be approved by the Chief Judge.













16.18 BIBS (FINAL PHASES)

- 16.18.1 The bib numbers of the athletes should be according to their time trial place.
- 16.18.2 The athlete with the fastest time will receive bib number "1", the second fastest the bib "2", etc.
- 16.18.3 Athletes may be supplied with a coloured numbered bib (red, blue, green, yellow) to ease identification

16.19 COURSE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- 16.19.1 The time for the Athletes to complete the extreme slalom course should be 45 60 seconds.
- 16.19.2 The course length must be agreed with the ICF Technical Representative to achieve this time.
- 16.19.3 The time trial may be held with gates. This will be announced at the team leaders meeting. The course design may be different from the final phases.
- 16.19.4 The course must consist of four (4) to six (6) downstream gates and where possible two (2) pairs of upstream gates should be set to allow the Athlete to choose to negotiate either up right or up left.
- 16.19.5 The course must contain a marked kayak roll zone or a kayak roll barrier.
- 16.19.6 Where possible there should be a suitable start platform which allows a drop into the main channel to start the race.

16.20 APPROVAL OF THE COURSE

16.20.1 The course will be approved without demonstration runs by the Chief Official, Chief Judge, and the Course Designer with consideration for: balance, the kayak roll zone / kayak roll barrier positioning, the time for course completion, athlete safety and that the start is well constructed and positioned.

VIII - Competition

16.21 START

- 16.21.1 The four (4) boats in the race start at the same time.
- 16.21.2 When starting from a start platform it be approved by the ICF Technical Representative.
- 16.21.3 The start platform should be equipped with an automatic starting mechanism that allows a simultaneous start. In this case the Athletes must start with both hands on the paddle.
- 16.21.4 In the case where there is no start mechanism then the athlete may start with one (1) hand on the ramp and one (1) hand on the paddle in a vertical position. They may use their paddle to push off.
- 16.21.5 In the case where a start platform is not used then the start may be from a suitable large eddy, ensuring the start is as fair as possible to all participants in the competition.
- 16.21.6 The start command will be: "READY GO". Between the order of READY and the starting signal the athletes must remain stationary.
- 16.21.7 When using an automatic start system, the start command may vary and will be specified at the team leaders meeting.
- 16.21.8 If any athlete starts before the starting signal, they will receive a fault (FLT).
- 16.21.9 Athletes may move to the start position once the previous race commences.













16.22 GATE NEGOTIATION

- 16.22.1 The gate line is the line from the outside of the gate to the bank on the passing side of the pole in the line of the wire maintaining the gate.
- 16.22.2 The following conditions must be satisfied for a gate to be considered correctly negotiated:
 - 16.22.2.a The whole head and both shoulders of the athlete must cross the gate line in accordance with the correct side of the gate and the course plan.
 - 16.22.2.b Part of the boat must cross the gate line at the same instant as the whole head crosses the line.
 - 16.22.2.c All gates must be negotiated in accordance with the direction established by the course map.
- 16.22.3 Athletes are permitted to touch the gates with any part of their body or equipment.
- 16.22.4 Athletes are not permitted to move the gates with any part of their body or equipment for an unfair purpose (leading to disadvantaging another athlete).
- 16.22.5 For the roll zone, the boat must make a complete 360-degree kayak roll within the marked area.
- 16.22.6 For the roll barrier, the boat must make a complete 360-degree kayak roll with the boat starting to roll before the barrier.

16.23 SAFETY RULES

- 16.23.1 Kayak to kayak contact is permitted.
- 16.23.2 Athletes are permitted to reach across another Athlete with their arm or paddle, making contact with the athlete's body.
- 16.23.3 Athletes are not permitted to deliberately reach across and / or hold back another Athlete with their hand, arm or paddle.
- 16.23.4 Dangerous contact with another athlete's head or body that may result in a personal injury is not permitted.
- 16.23.5 In all cases the situation is assessed by the judges.

16.24 PENALTIES

- 16.24.1 Athletes will receive a Fault (FLT) for the following actions:
 - False start
 - Non-negotiated gate unless renegotiated,
 - For roll zone, kayak roll not executed within the zone unless renegotiated,
 - For the roil barrier, kayak roll not commenced before the roll barrier unless renegotiated full 360-degree kayak roll not completed unless renegotiated.
- 16.24.2 Athletes will be ranked as lowest (RAL) for not following the safety measures outlined in rule 16.23
- 16.24.3 Athletes will receive a did not finish (DNF) for the following actions:
 - capsize
 - crossing the finish line upside down.

16.25 CLEARING THE COURSE

16.25.1 The 10.14 applies only during the time trial phase of the extreme slalom competition.













16.26 TIMING

- 16.26.1 A timing system is needed for the time trials phase.
- 16.26.2 Video camera equipment with at least 50 frames per second is requested for Juniors / Under 23 World Championships, World Cup and ICF ranking competitions to define the finish order at the final phases.
- 16.26.3 Photo finish equipment is requested for World Championships and Olympic Games to define the finish order at the final phases.

IX - Post-Competition

16.27 CALCULATION OF RESULTS FOR TIME TRIALS

- 16.27.1 In time trials, athletes who finish with no penalties are ranked above athletes who receive a fault (FLT).
- 16.27.2 In time trials, where athletes receive a DNF, or DNS, they are not ranked and listed alphabetically in the following order DNF then DNS.
- 16.27.3 In the case that two (2) or more athletes have a fault (FLT) code, they will be ranked based on the correct progression through the course. The athlete who progresses further through the course before the fault occurs will be ranked higher.
- 16.27.4 If there is a tie in the time trials, then the current Extreme Slalom World Ranking will be used to break the tie and as an ultimate tie breaker there will be a draw to decide the

16.28 RANKING CALCULATION OF RESULTS FOR FINAL PHASES

- 16.28.1 Athletes eliminated at any phase of the competition will be given their rank based on the comparison of the time trial times of athletes eliminated at the same phase. All 3rd ranked athletes will be ranked above all 4th ranked athletes.
- 16.28.2 From heat to final round athletes are ranked by finishing positions.
- 16.28.3 In all cases athletes who finish with no penalties are ranked above athletes who receive a FLT, RAL, DNF or DNS.
- 16.28.4 From heat to final round, where athletes receive a FLT, RAL, DNF, or DNS, they are listed and ranked in the following order FLT, RAL, DNF then DNS.
- 16.28.5 In the case that two (2) or more athletes have a fault (FLT) code, they will be ranked based on the correct progression through the course. The athlete who progresses further through the course before the fault occurs will be ranked higher.
- 16.28.6 In the case that two (2) or more athletes have the same FLT or RAL code at the same gate, they will be ranked first by their finish order and if still tied by their time trial time.
- 16.28.7 Where athletes receive a DQB, they are not ranked and listed after all other athletes following alphabetic order.
- 16.28.8 No enquiry is permitted at any phase during Extreme Canoe Slalom.













CHAPTER 17 - ICF CANOE SLALOM WORLD RANKING

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.

CHAPTER 18 - INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL OFFICIALS - TRAINING PATHWAY

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.

CHAPTER 19 - APPENDICES

Not relevant in UK domestic competition.













CHAPTER 20 - ADDITIONAL RULES FOR THE ORGANISER (UK)

20.1 COMPETITION / MANAGED CALENDAR

20.1.1 Planning

Division 1/Premier 1 Competitions only one per weekend. Distances between Competitions will be taken as between one and one and a half hours driving time. The Managed Calendar Officer will determine whether divisional Competitions will conflict with each other. A commercial route planning system will be used. (For further information refer to the Managed Calendar Officer).

20.1.2 Calendar Returns

20.1.2.a Calendar returns must be made following the process described on CanoeSlalomEntries.co.UK. Clubs are reminded that a competition cannot be accepted unless a Safety Plan is supplied.

20.1.3 **Details**

20.1.3.a Please complete as many of the details as possible but do not delay submission of the form. Include post code of the address for entries. Any open, confined, or other non- ranking slalom, slalom sprint or other form of competition or activity using the same stretch of water to be held in conjunction with the proposal must be specified and may not be held without specific approval recorded in the published calendar (failure to observe this can result in loss of ranking status). Such competitions should normally be held after the ranking competition has ended. Entry limits may be stated.

20.1.4 New or substantially altered competitions

20.1.4.a Full details should be submitted as early as possible with a copy of the information to the Managed Calendar Officer. A nominee of the Slalom Committee should be invited to any trial competition.

20.1.5 Alterations or additions

- 20.1.5.a Except where listed below the Slalom Committee has no authority to add new competitions or change the divisional ranking of a competition after the date of the Annual Consultative Meeting
- 20.1.5.b Where, through force of circumstance, a Premier or Division 1 competition has been cancelled; a substitute competition may be added to the calendar.
- 20.1.5.c Competitions may be added at Division 2 and below in exceptional circumstances (such as new or reopened venues). Application for such competitions to be made to the Slalom Committee at least three months in advance.
- 20.1.5.d Short Notice Division 4 competitions may be added. Applications for such competitions to be made to the Slalom Committee in advance.
- 20.1.5.e In all cases approval is subject to agreement of all other clubs organising competitions on that date.

20.1.6 **Postponement:**

20.1.6.a Where a competition cannot be held when scheduled for reasons outside of the club's control, they may apply to postpone the competition. Application for such postponement to be made to the Slalom Committee with proposals for the new date. Approval for a new date is subject to approval by all other races planned for that weekend.

20.1.7 Ranking Status

20.1.7.a Ranking status is granted on the condition that the Organiser will conduct the competition in a manner acceptable to the Slalom Committee. The Organiser must enforce and comply with all current rules and regulations governing ranking competition. The Organising Club must be a registered club (see rule 1.1 of the Terms of Reference) or have been approved as an organising group by the Slalom Committee and have proved acceptable insurance cover.













20.2 RESPONSIBILITIES OF ORGANISERS AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS

20.2.1 **Organiser**

20.2.1.a The Organiser is the person named in the Yearbook and must be prepared to answer correspondence on any aspect of the competition and will be the person held responsible for taking entries, issuing start lists and results and forwarding records and entry fees (less the retained share - see Rule 20.7 Premier competitions' organisation is coordinated by a Competition Management Co-ordinator. All persons concerned with the organisation of the slalom are responsible to the Organiser. The Chief Judge / assistants are separately responsible for ensuring that the competition is run fairly and in accordance with the Rules and Regulations.

20.2.2 Organisers' Handbook and Package

20.2.2.a An 'Organisers' Package' is available to download from the Web at the beginning of the season. Organisers must refer to this package before, during and after the event.

20.2.3 Financial

- 20.2.3.a Organisers must keep an account of monies received and disbursed in connection with a ranking competition and may be required to provide a statement of accounts to the Slalom Committee.
- 20.2.3.b If the accounts for a competition show a deficit, the organising group may make an application to the Slalom Committee who may consider giving limited financial assistance to offset costs necessarily incurred.

20.3 ON-SITE ARRANGEMENTS

- 20.3.1 The Organiser must have prior permission from all persons whose property may be used or in any way infringed in connection with the competition. The Police should be notified as should landlords, shopkeepers, etc., in the vicinity of the competition. Aim from the outset to provide good car parking, camping, and rubbish disposal facilities. Chemical toilets and urinal facilities, in sufficient number and properly maintained, must be provided where flush toilets are not available in sufficient quantity as a condition of future ranking status. Where refreshments are sold a bowl, clean water, soap, and a towel must be provided for use by the staff.
- 20.3.2 First aid facilities must be on site and there should be at least one person (two at Holme Pierrepont) currently qualified in First Aid.
- 20.3.3 There must be safety and rescue services as appropriate to the conditions, or as directed by the Slalom Committee or the Chief Judge.
- 20.3.4 Equipment testing facilities must be available for the use of athletes at times/places advertised in the start list, if it is planned to test (on a random basis) any equipment used or for use in the competition.
- 20.3.5 Trade Stands/Trading. Where an Organiser permits either Trade Stands to be set up and/or trading to take place he should ensure that the traders have the necessary Public Liability Insurance cover. A minimum of £500,000 cover is recommended. The Organiser is entitled to insist that the trader shows him the Insurance Certificate. A photocopy would be satisfactory.

20.4 EQUIPMENT AND STATIONERY

NOTE: - The FULL cost of transportation for all hire or loan equipment to a competition is the responsibility of the competition Organiser hiring it. In addition, where the booking of any equipment has been made less than six weeks before the competition, the Organiser is responsible for the cost of transporting it FROM the competition to its next destination. All equipment on hire is the responsibility of the Organiser, who may be charged additionally for any loss or damage.











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20.4.1 Timing/Communication (TUTTI) equipment will be hired out to those clubs not having access to TUTTI or who have not notified the timing team before the beginning of the season using the appropriate hiring form found in the Organisers package. A pre-arranged route for each set of TUTTI will be circulated to hiring clubs. It will be a clubs' responsibility to arrange collection from the preceding competition. A hire fee of £25.00 for Ranking Competitions, (£60.00 for 'commercial' events). A club may become liable for the cost of repairs to equipment if it fails to report any faults or damage to the Technical Co- ordinator. There will be no charge for any accidental damage, provided that is reported.

(A commercial competition is a competition run by a commercial organisation or any competition where sponsorship is in excess of £5,000).

- 20.4.2 Where the Committee's Electronic Timing is used a hire charge is payable.
- 20.4.3 The travel expenses for the Timing Team who transport and operate the technical and timing equipment at Ranking competitions and Championships are the responsibility of the Slalom Committee (Judging / Timing Fund), to be agreed and approved by the Technical Officials Coordinator.

20.5 CHIEF AND OTHER JUDGES

- 20.5.1 The Organiser must help the Chief Judge, firstly in their duty to inspect and approve the course before official practice begins and then to resolve any problems brought to them in the course of the competition.
- 20.5.2 The Chief Judge and their assistants shall be on site to approve the course at least one hour before the scheduled programme and must remain in attendance throughout the weekend's programme. At all Ranking Competitions, the programme may not start until the course has been approved by the Chief Judge. Where circumstances permit forerunners shall be used to test the course. At these competitions the Chief Judge shall be on site as early as possible to permit the required consultations.
- 20.5.3 The Organiser is responsible for payment of expenses to the Chief Judge up to a maximum of £15.

The Chief Judge and the Assistant Chief Judges who are members of the Section Judge Panel and who would otherwise have been performing Section Judge duties, are entitled to claim expenses from the Slalom Committee.

At any competition, if there is a shortage of judges, the Organiser may require athletes (or their nominated substitutes) to judge or undertake other official duties, in consultation with the Chief Judge.

20.6 CANCELLATION

- 20.6.1 Early cancellation, prior to the publication of a start list, must not be done without serious consideration and the agreement of an Officer of the Slalom Committee. A lack of entries before the day of the competition is not a good cause for cancellation. From the day prior to the competition cancellation may be agreed by the Chief Judge, preferably after discussion with the Chair of the Slalom Committee (or person appointed by the Chair).
- 20.6.2 If there is no result for an event, entry fees will be refunded in full, to all entrants in that event, by the organising club or group; after that time no entry fees will be refunded.
 - Unless, on receipt of a report of the circumstances the Slalom Committee determines otherwise. If as a result of making a refund of entry fees, the organising group finds itself making a loss on that competition (see 19.2.3.b), it may make application to the Slalom Committee which is empowered to give limited financial assistance to offset costs already and necessarily incurred.











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- 20.6.3 In the event of cancellation the Organiser MUST: -
 - 20.6.3.a Publish the decision, on the same website used for publishing the start list, as soon as possible. The onus is on the athlete to check websites and, if provided, answer phone services, before travelling.
 - 20.6.3.b Ensure that BC equipment arrangements are fulfilled relative to their next usage and inform the relevant Co-Ordinator.
 - 20.6.3.c Send a letter of explanation to the Slalom Secretary, along with supporting evidence from the Slalom Committee Chair, / the designated Slalom Committee Member / Chief Judge.
 - 20.6.3.d Send the defined portion of entry fees as in 20.7.8 below and retain other entry fees.
- 20.6.4 Any competition cancelled will be brought to the ACM's notice during discussion of the following year's calendar.

20.7 RESULTS, RECORDS AND ENTRY FEES

- 20.7.1 Full instructions are given in the Organisers' package available to all competition Organisers. Please follow the instructions which apply to open and other non-Ranking Competitions, except slalom sprint, run in conjunction with a ranking competition.
- 20.7.2 All the following procedures MUST be completed within FIFTEEN DAYS of the end of the competition. Delays will be penalised by means of a fine of £5 per week (or part thereof) to the Slalom Treasurer (address in directory), or ranking status may not be granted next year.
- 20.7.3 Prepare final results showing, for all starters, in finishing order the following:
 - Time and penalties for all phases.
 - Points awarded.
 - Where appropriate the names of those promoted.
 - Team members and C2 pairs must be named.
 - All starters, including any who did not complete either run, must be listed.
- 20.7.4 Complete the summary sheet and state on it the number of athletes entered who did not start. Give the names/clubs of any who entered Officials events but did not appear.
- 20.7.5 Send the final results within 72 hours of the competition ending.
 - 20.7.5.a Email one copy of the results to results@canoeslalom.co.UK.
 - 20.7.5.b Where a Ranking officer for the division(s) and events at the competition or for the next highest division do not have an email address published, send a paper copy to these officers.
 - 20.7.5.c Send an electronic version of the results to the Ranking Status Officer. The required format is defined in the organisers' package.
- 20.7.6 Send one copy of the results to the Officials Ranking Officer. Ensure athletes gender, event and division are listed.
- 20.7.7 Send the completed summary sheets, and a copy of the results and the appropriate percentage of minimum entry fee, to the Slalom Treasurer (address in directory).
- 20.7.8 Send the appropriate levy to the Slalom Treasurer (address in directory). The levy is payable on every starter and will be increased annually by the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) according to the formula
 - New fee = $A + \{A \times [(B-C)/C]\}$, rounded to nearest 1p.
 - Where A = f.7.51 for Premier and Division 1 f.3.54 for Division 2 and f.0 for Division 3 and 4.
 - B = the index for September immediately prior to the relevant ACM
 - C =the index for September 2019.
- 20.7.9 Give to the Chief Judge any comments on the event in general and on judging, in particular, any outstanding performances (good or bad) and any unusual judging decisions which had to be made. Make reports as requested by the Slalom Committee.











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20.7.10 In respect of athletes who had to pay for membership at the event - the completed application forms and subscriptions including day membership payments must be sent by first class post to the National Association headquarters as appropriate. N.B. All addresses appear in the Directory.

20.8 COMPETITION PRIZES

- 20.8.1 The start list must detail all prizes offered at the competition.
- 20.8.2 For all events, at least one prize shall be offered for a quorate event.
 - If there are 10 or more starters a second prize shall be awarded.
 - If there are 15 or more starters, a third prize shall be awarded.
 - The number of starters used shall be, as a minimum the number of athletes declared on the start list in each event.
- 20.8.3 All promotees are to receive a memento, supplied by the Slalom Committee. Division 4 promotees must send the application form given to them by the Competition Organiser.
- 20.8.4 In all divisions when there are three or more eligible athletes, Organisers shall provide a prize for the Junior athlete who gains the best score during the competition in each event and a prize for the best under 16 performance which has not attracted any other prize. Organisers may, at their discretion, provide a prize for the best J10, J12, J14, under 23 and Master performance, but if they do so should state the rules for deciding the winner in the start list.
- 20.8.5 At all competitions where there are three or more eligible entries organisers shall provide a prize for each C2 event (that is Men's, Women's and Mixed).
- 20.8.6 Canoe athletes who have been in Division 1 (C1 or C2) are not eligible for prizes at Division 4 C2 events in a new pairing.
- 20.8.7 Foreign athletes whose entries are accepted as in Rule 9.2.5.b are not eligible for the ranking or closed event prizes. It is recommended that the Organiser provide one or more suitable prizes, particularly in the case of championship events.







